

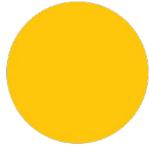


Rosseland
Centre
for Solar
Physics

First results from global MHD simulations of Solar convective zone

Andrius Popovas, Å. Nordlund, M. Szydlarski
Hinode-15 / Iris-12, Prague 2022





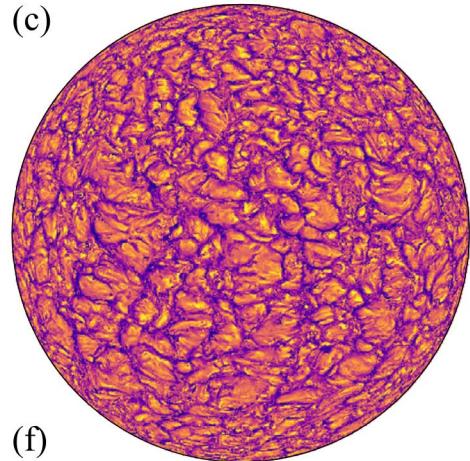
Rosseland
Centre
for Solar
Physics

First results from global MHD simulations of Solar convective zone

Andrius Popovas, Å. Nordlund, M. Szydlarski
Hinode-15 / Iris-12, Prague 2022

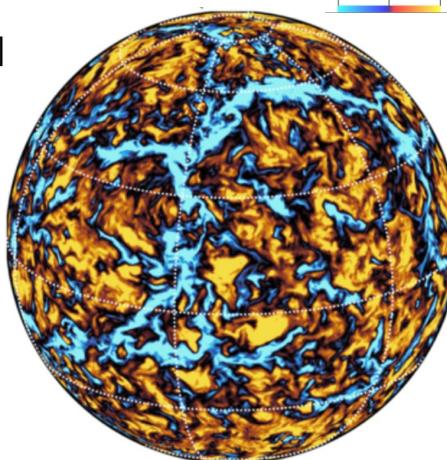
Other works

- Hotta & Kusano (Nature Astronomy, 2021)
- Hotta et al. (AJ, 2022)
- Guerrero et al. (Submitted to ApJ, 2022)
- Käpylä (A&A, 2021)
- etc.



v_r [m/s]

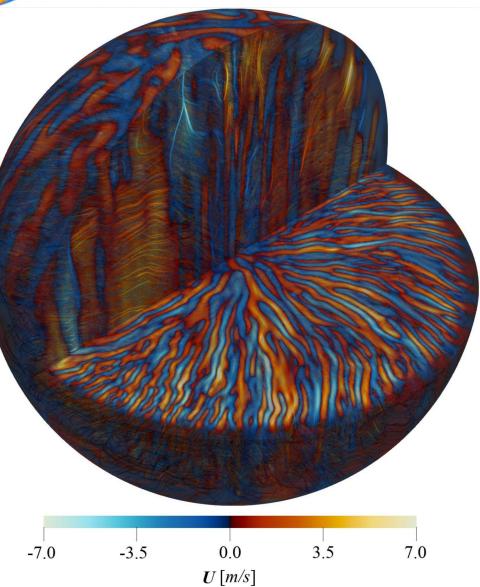
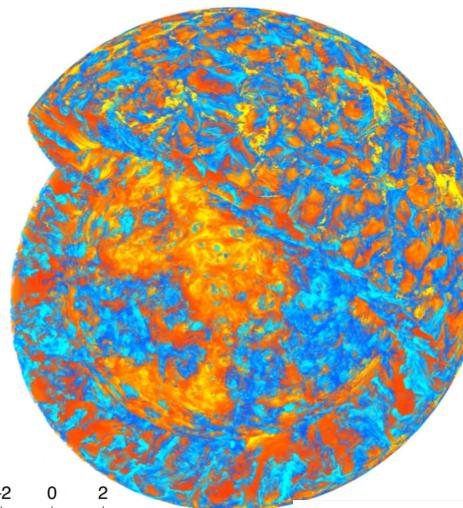
-100
0
100



[m/s]

52
24
-5
-33
-62

-2 0 2



-7.0 -3.5 0.0 3.5 7.0

U [m/s]

(f)

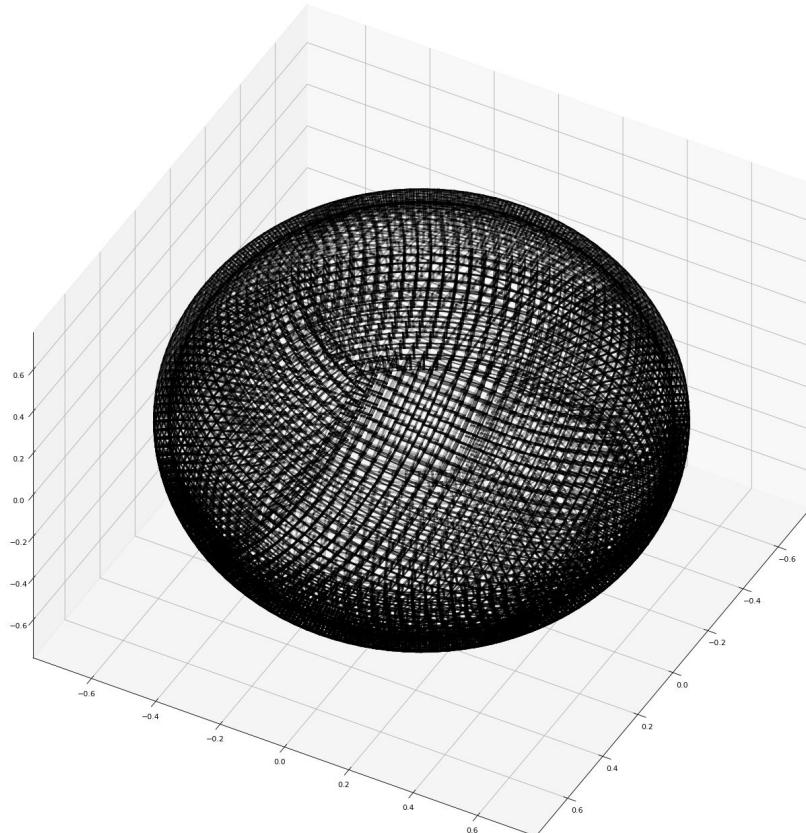
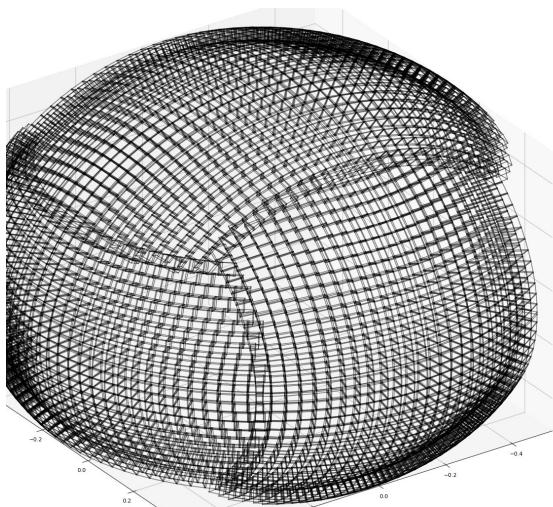
The DISPATCH framework

- ***Local timesteps***
 - local Courant conditions \Rightarrow great cost savings
- ***Solver agnostic***
 - We are using a new entropy-based HLLD Riemann solver (Popovas et al., in prep.)
- ***Local MPI* communications**
 - gives theoretically unlimited scaling
- ***Curvilinear meshes***
 - We are using a Volleyball mesh decomposition
- **Can use *Static & Adaptive Mesh Refinement***

Nordlund, Ramsey, Popovas & Küffmeier, MNRAS 477, 624 (2018)

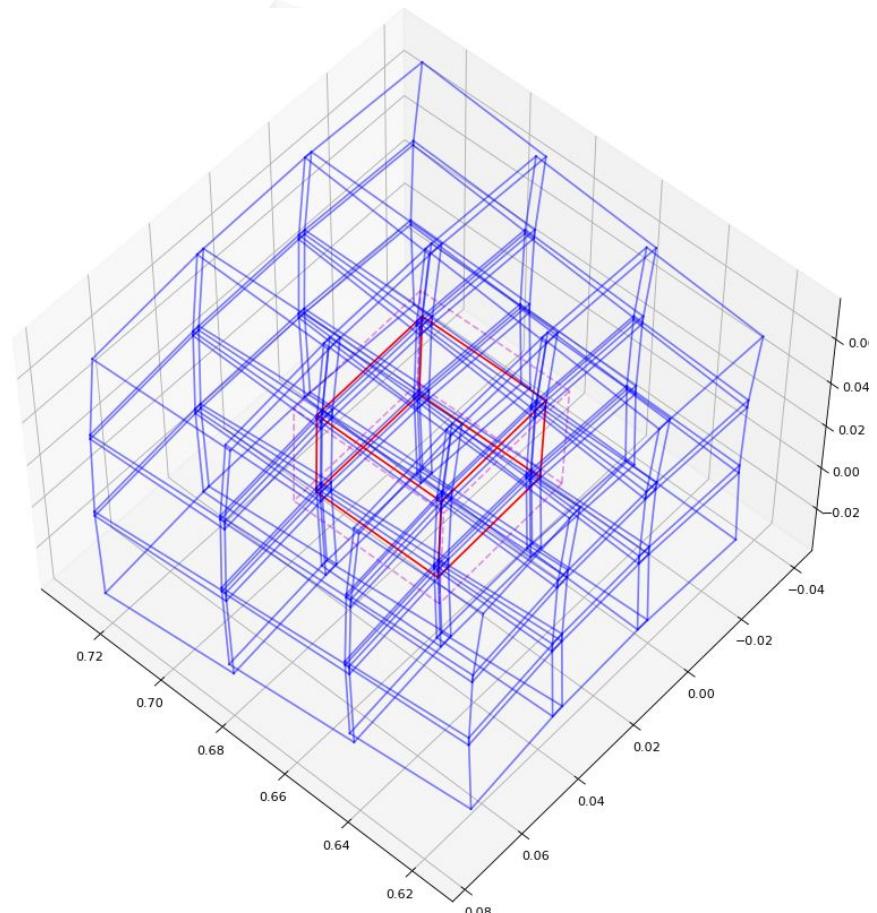
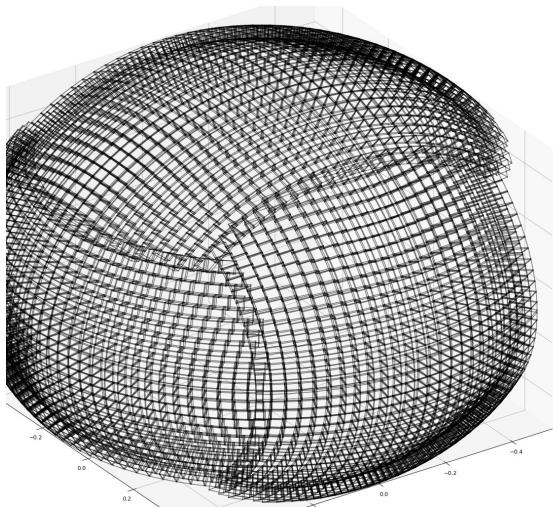
The ‘volleyball’ domain decomposition

- Locally Cartesian, globally - spherical, avoids singularity at the poles



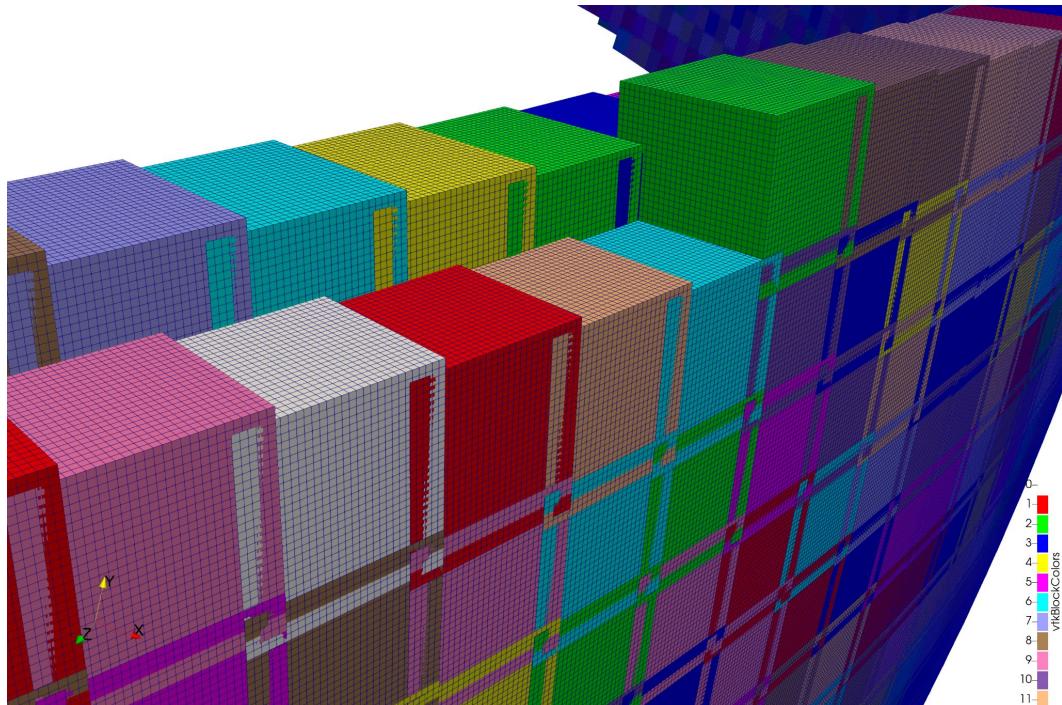
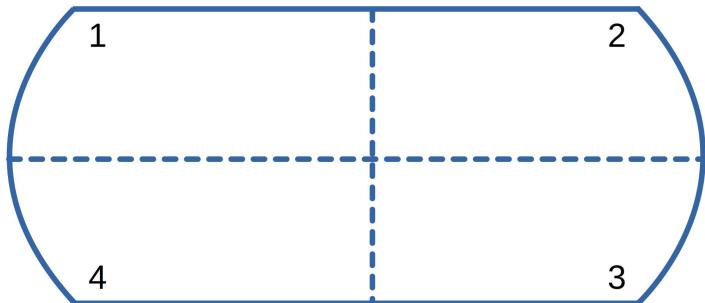
The ‘volleyball’ domain decomposition

- Locally Cartesian, globally - spherical, avoids singularity at the poles



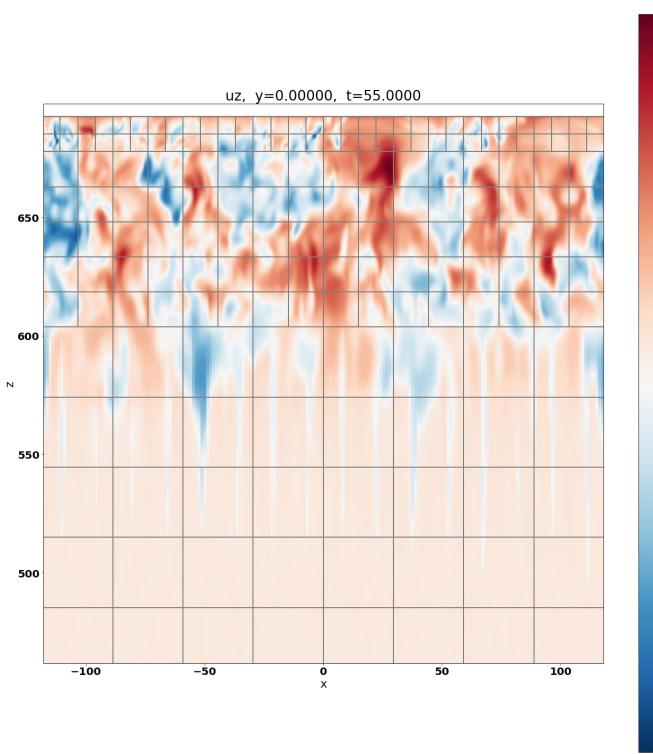
The ‘volleyball’ domain decomposition

- *Patches overlap with a slight angle*
 - *Large angles at seams*
- *Simple MPI decomposition with good initial load balancing*



Experimental setup

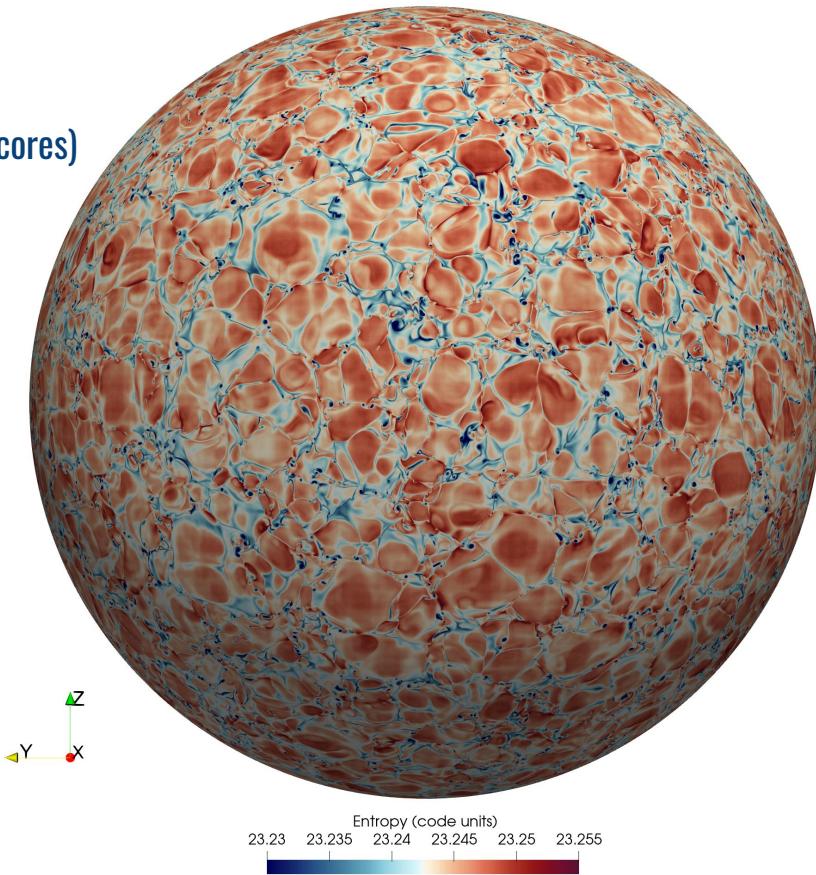
- JCD model-S (Christensen-Dalsgaard et al., 1996) as initial HSE
 - Modified with tabular EOS
- Tabular EOS (Tomida & Hori, private comm., 2016)
- Entropy-based HLLD Riemann solver (Popovas et al., in prep.)
- Newton cooling
- Coriolis force
- Radially dependent gravity
- Trial run $0.655\text{-}0.995 R_{\odot}$
- *Static mesh refinement*
- 200k patches (~1.5M after final refinement), 24^3 cells per patch
- 0.5Mm resolution (<100 km after final refinement) at $0.995 R_{\odot}$



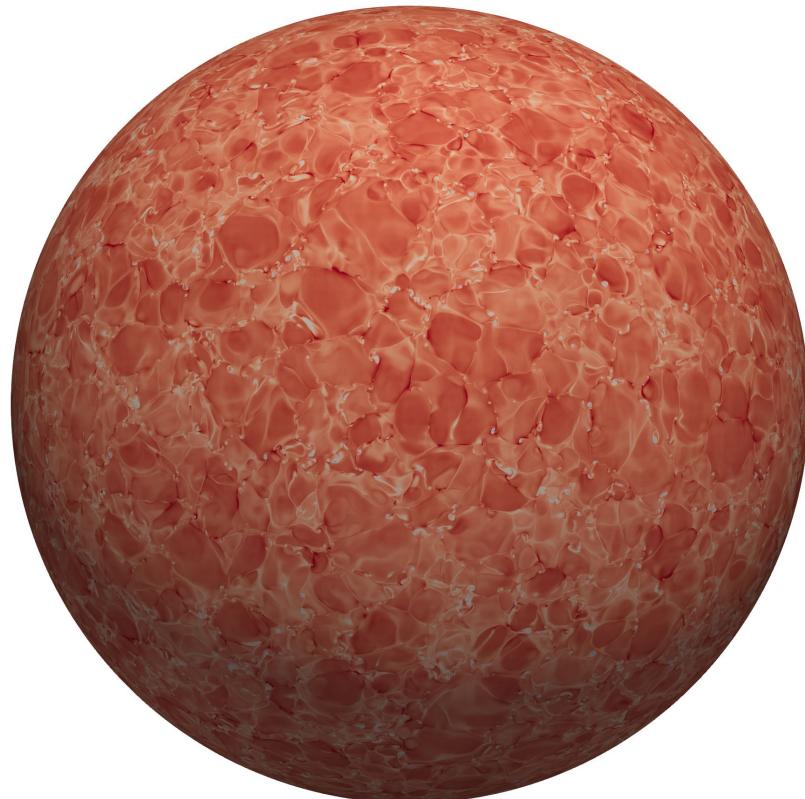
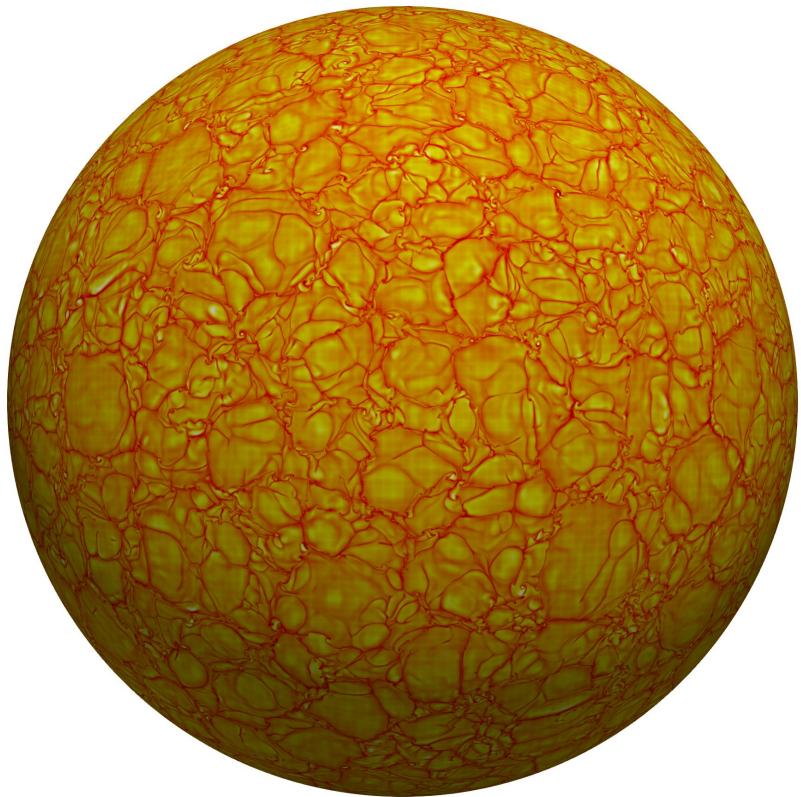
Production runs

- Running on Lumi and Betzy machines
 - 200k patches
 - Production relaxation on 196 nodes (25088 cores)
 - 2x realtime Sun
- 3 levels of refinement (70 km resolution)
 - 4.5M patches
 - 4TB snapshots
 - Optimally 910 nodes (116480 cores)

Time: 40.000000 (h)

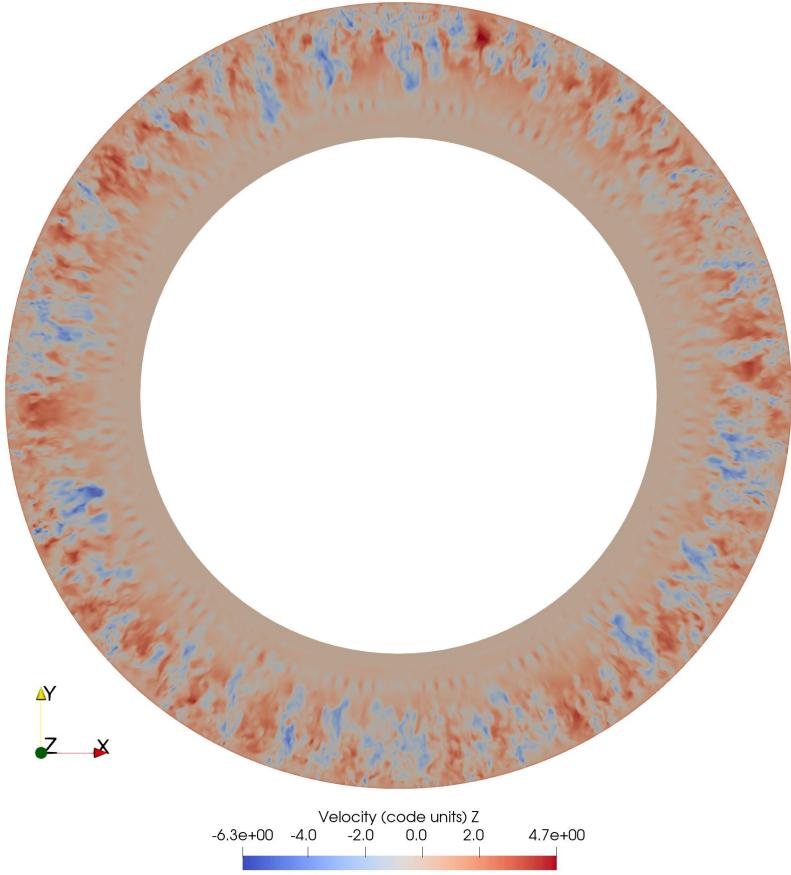


Initial results



Initial results

Time: 15.000000

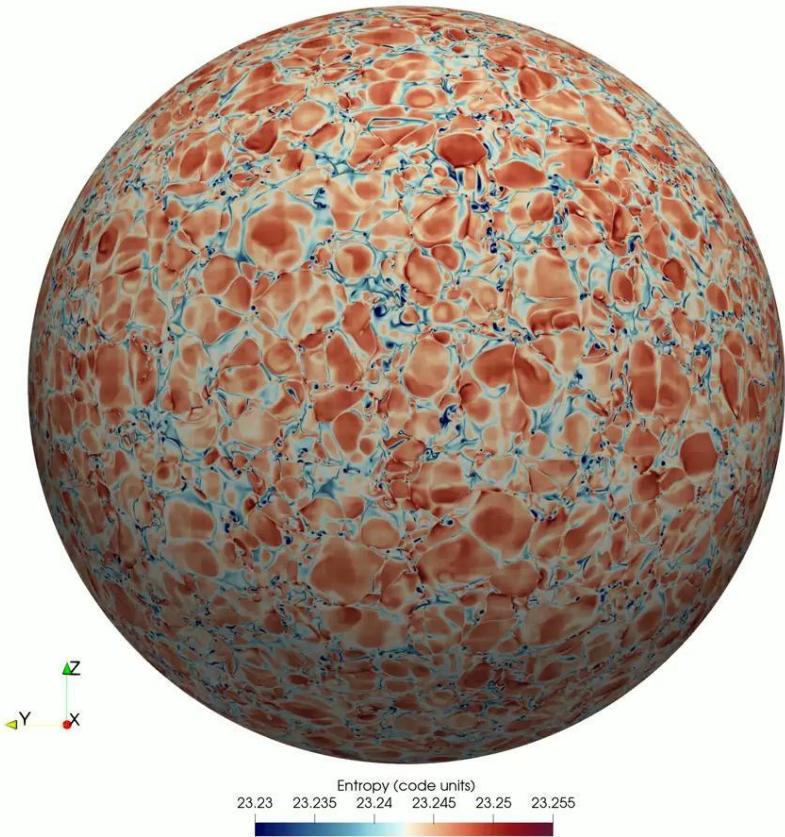


Time: 6000.000000 (s)

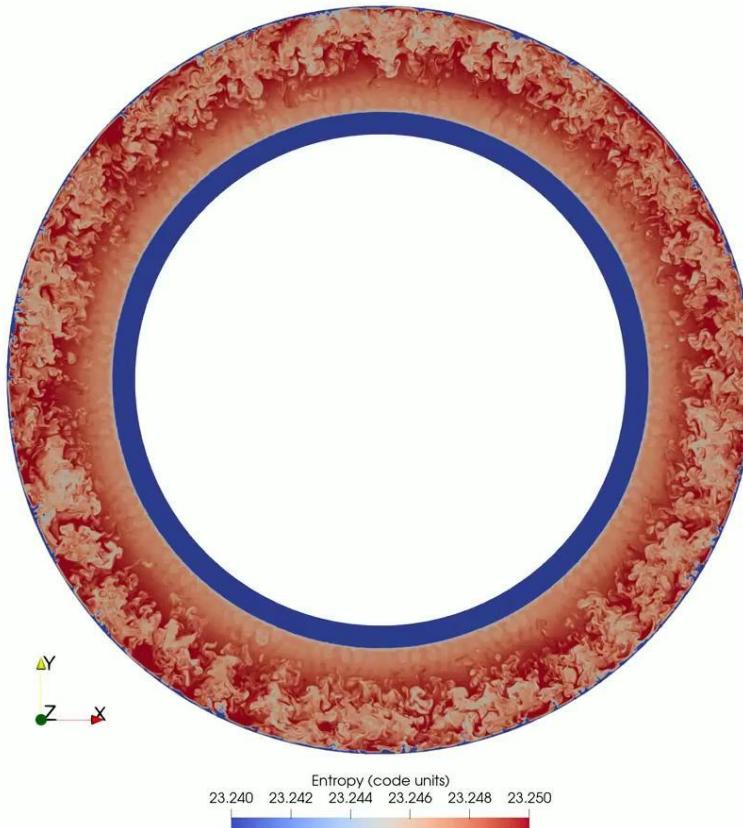


Initial results

Time: 40.000000 (h)

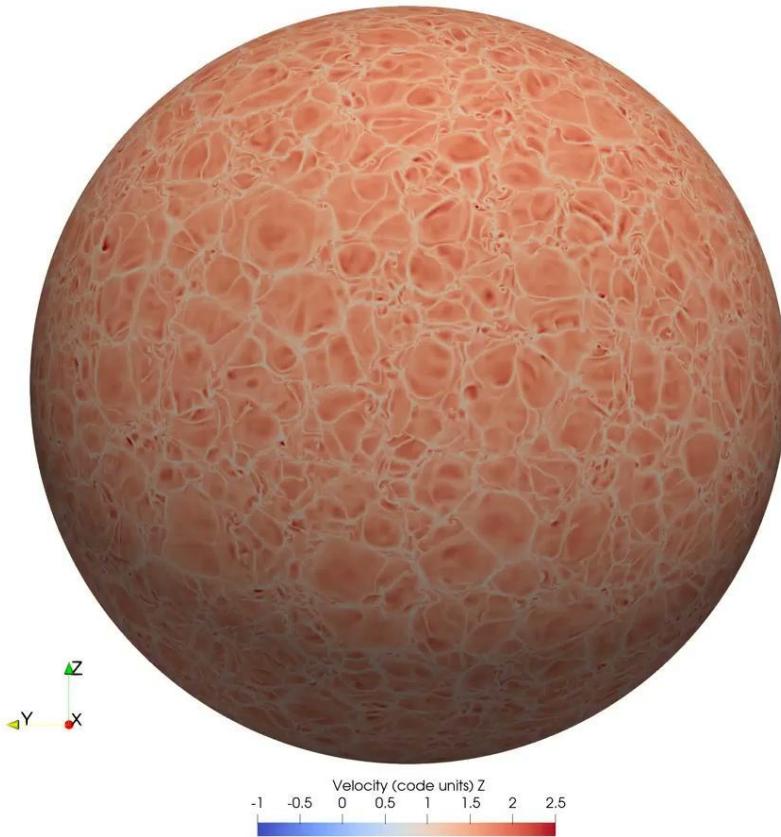


Time: 40.000000 (h)

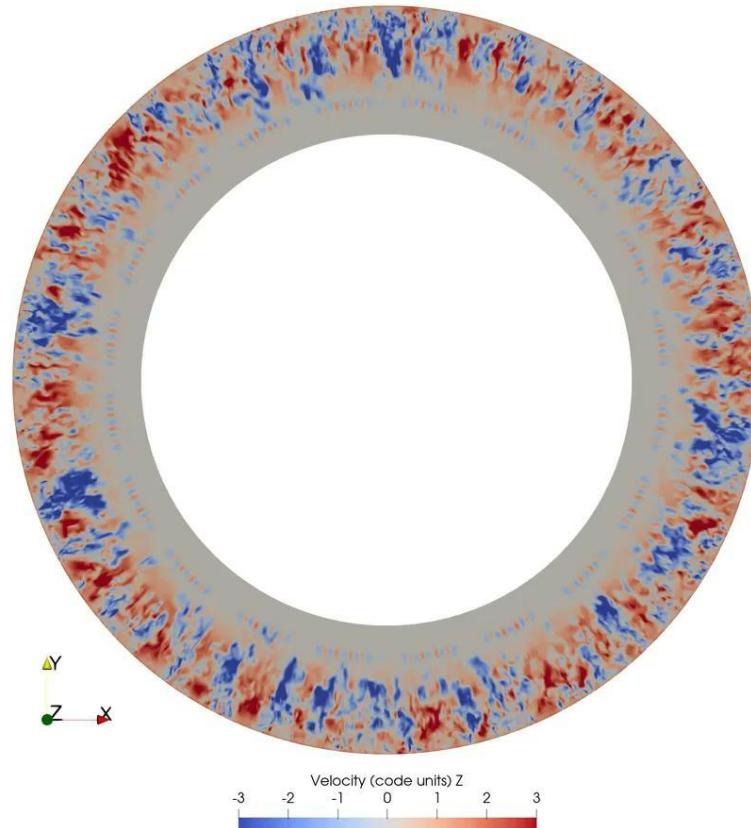


Initial results

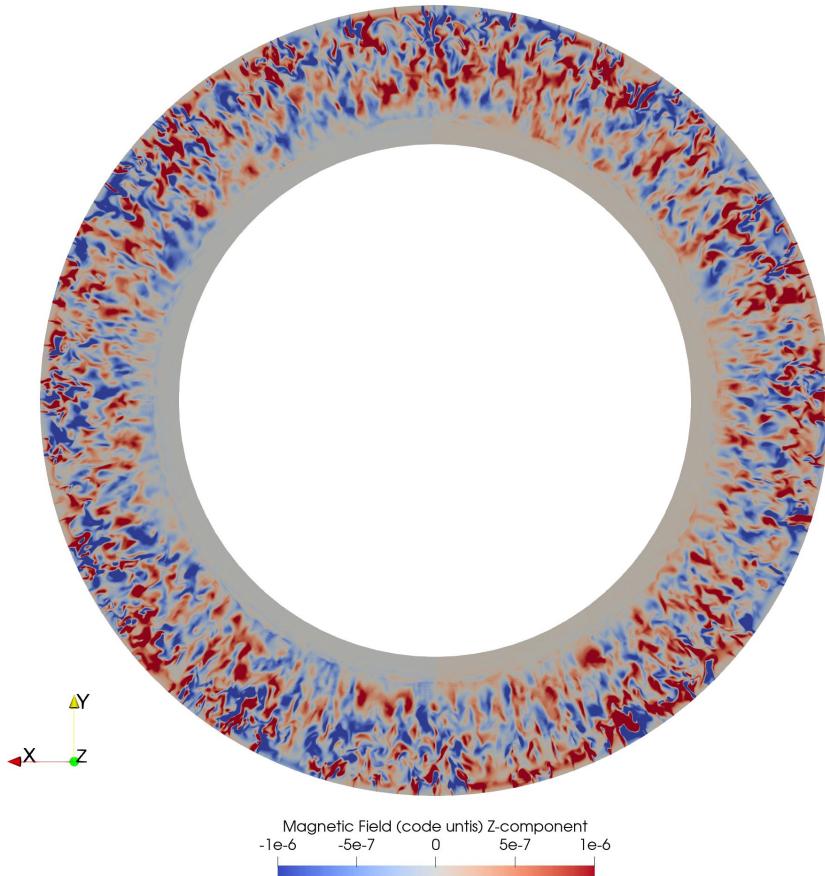
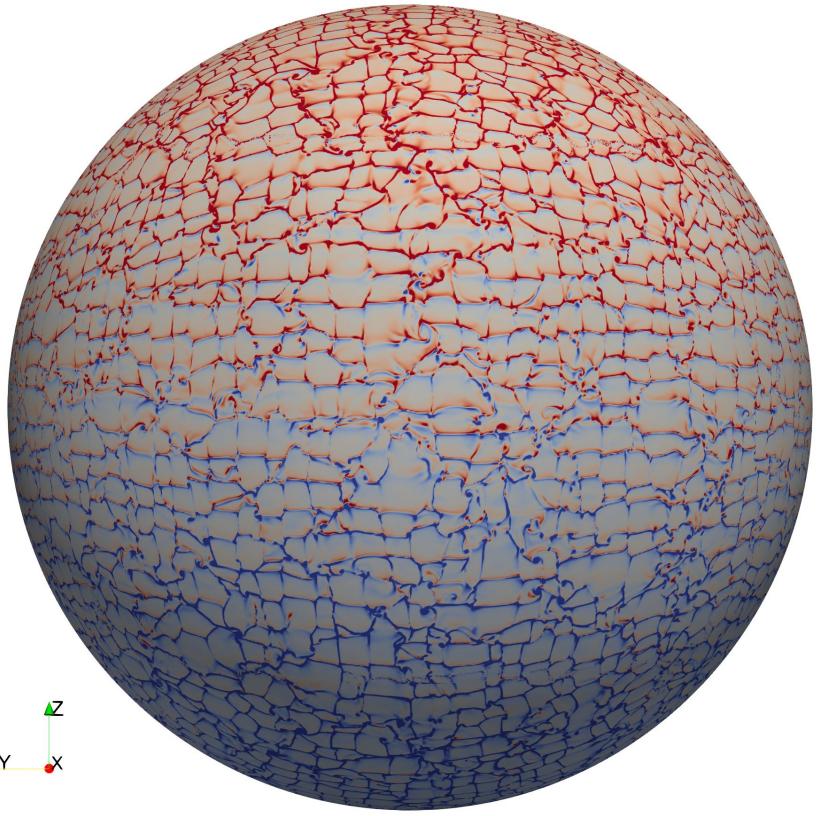
Time: 40.000000 (h)



Time: 40.000000 (h)



Initial results



Next steps

- Build up analysis and visualization tools
- Build the simulation inwards and outwards
 - Add core
 - Add photosphere
- Additional physics

Potential scientific output

- Local and global dynamo studies
- Active regions and flux emergence
- Helioseismology
- You name it - we have an entire Sun to play with!
- *Snapshots will be made public*

R ● C S



Local timesteps

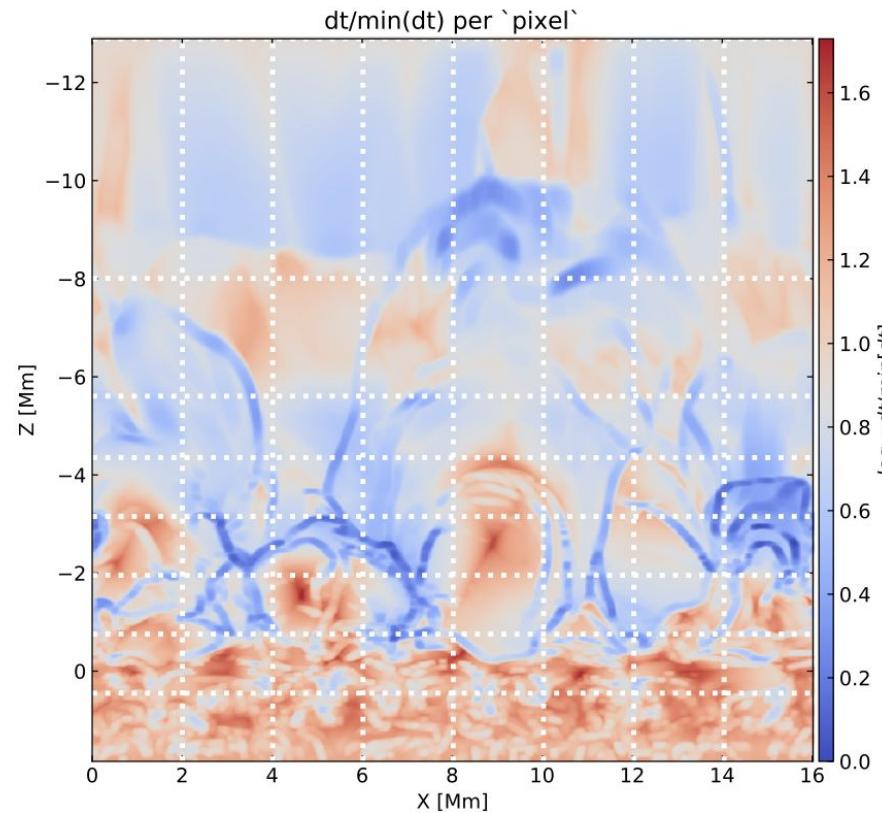
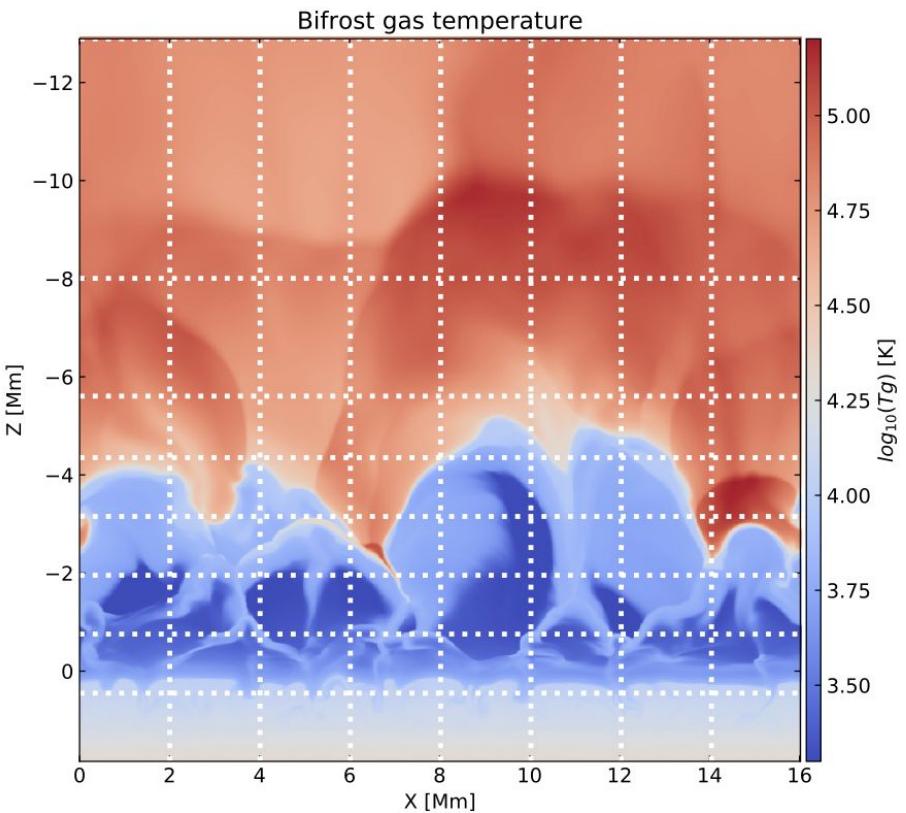
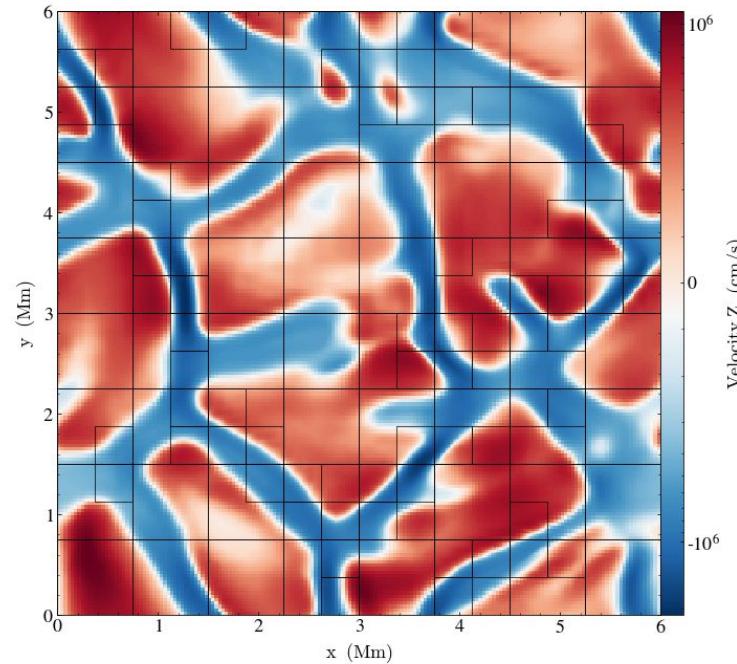
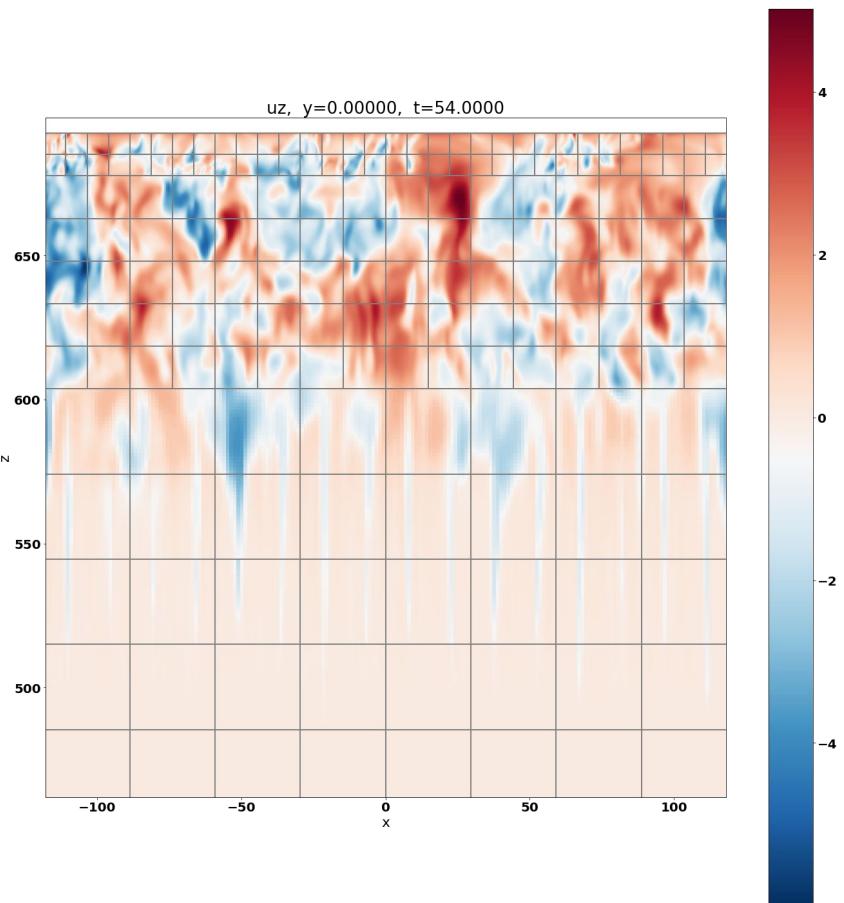


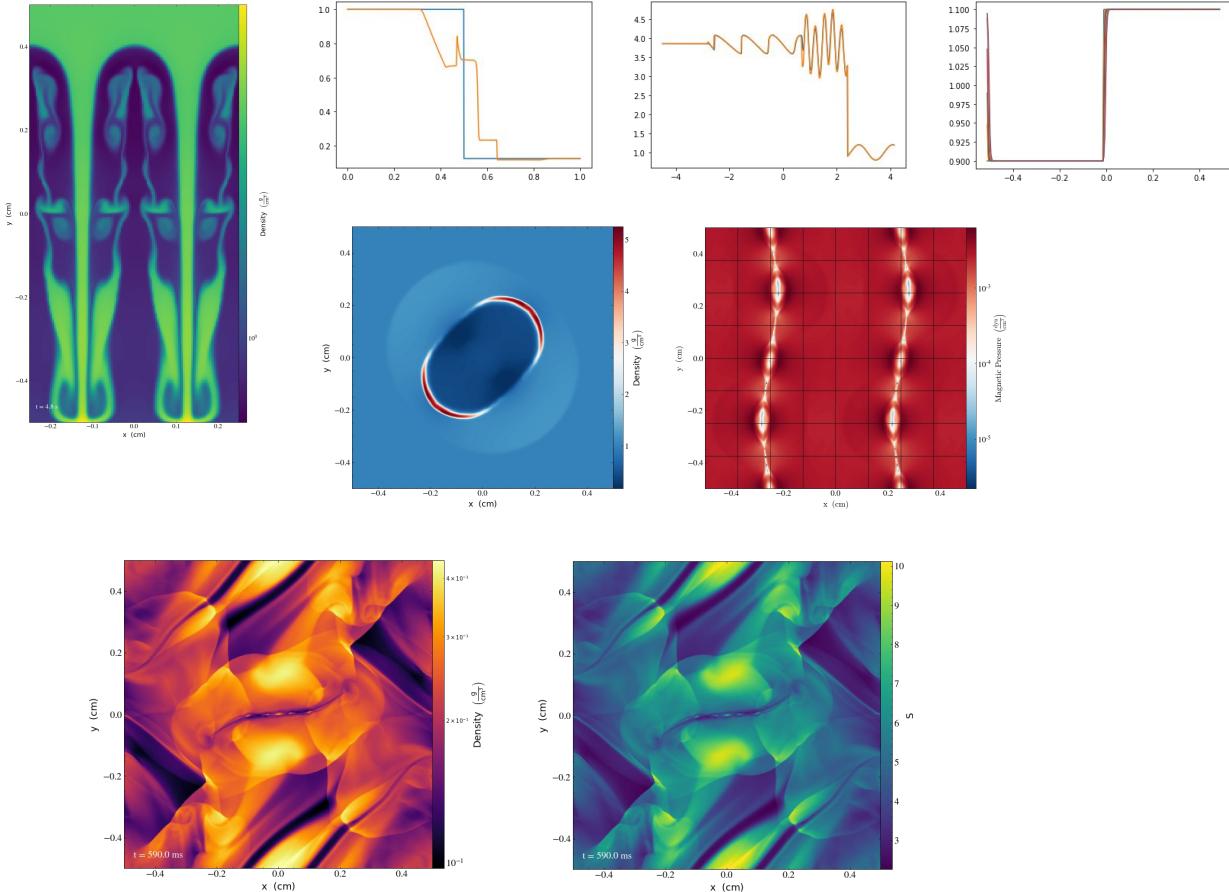
Figure credit: Mikolaj Szydlarski

Mesh refinement

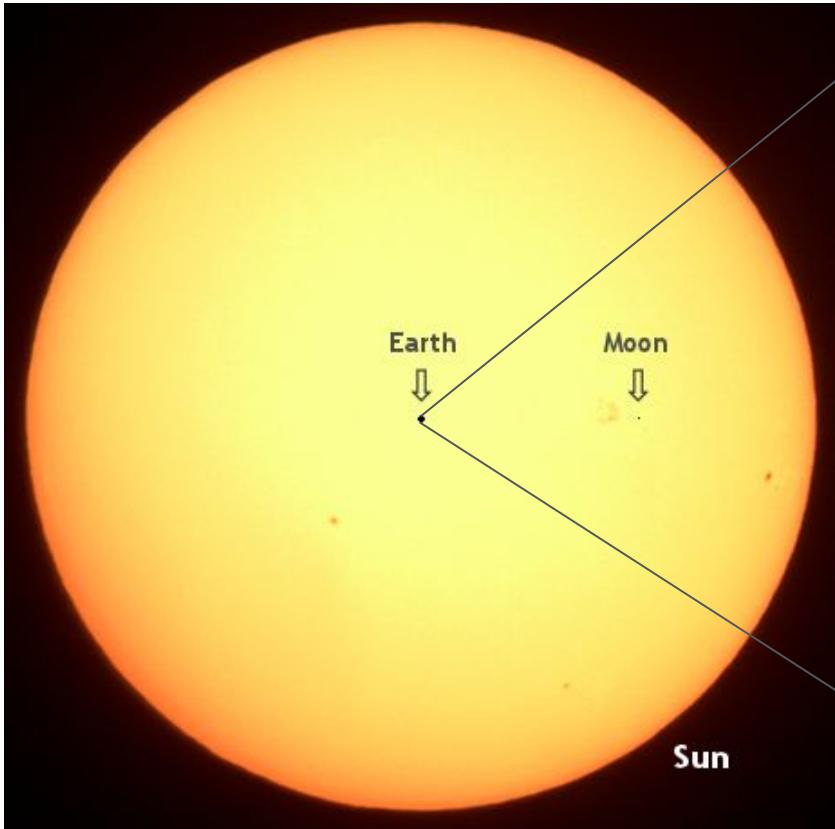


Approximate entropy based HLLD solver

- *Entropy wave*
- *Shu & Osher shocktube*
- *Brio & Wu shocktube*
- *Rayleigh-Taylor instability*
- *Kelvin-Helmholtz instability*
- *MHD blast*
- *Orszag-Tang vortex*
- *Current sheet*
- *Magnetic field loop advection*
- *Hydrodynamic convection*
-



The production runs



$100 \text{ km} \times 100 \text{ km}$