

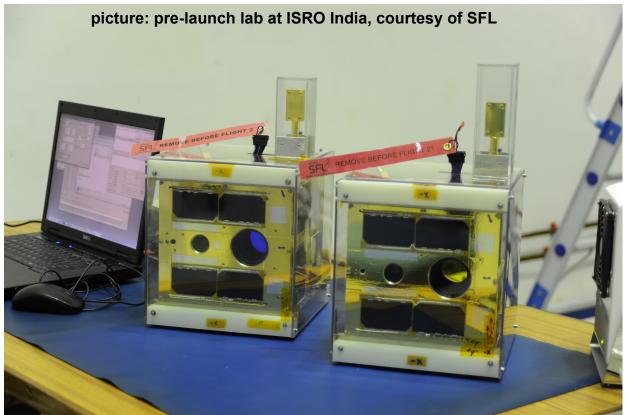
▶ <u>www.tugraz.at</u>

www.brite-constellation.at





BRITE-Constellation: operating five nano-satellites to serve one mission



Rainer Kuschnig – University of Technology Graz / University Vienna





Why BRITE Constellation ?

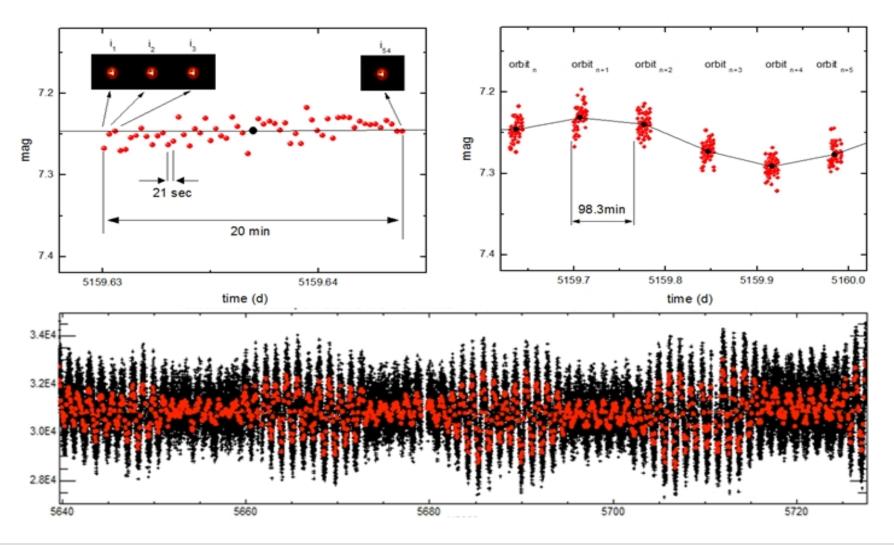
3

- Collect time series photometry for some of the brightest stars in the sky, mag(V)<4(..6) with high precision ~0.1-0.5% (mmag)/orbit mean
- ~ 15-30 stars per observing field at once 15min/orbit
- Measurements in two colors: red and blue (two wavelength well separated ranges)
- Time bases of up to 180 days for a single observing campaign





BRITE-Constellation: Data sampling







BRITE - Constellation

3 countries – 6(5) satellites – ONE MISSION

Country	Satellite Name	ID	Launch	Orbit-P(min)	Filter
AUT	UniBRITE	UBr	2013-02-25	100.37	red
AUT	BRITE-Austria 'TUG-SAT-1'	BAb	2013-02-25	100.36	blue
POL	BRITE-PL2 'Heweliusz'	BHr	2014-08-19	97.10	red
POL	BRITE-PL1 'Lem'	BLb	2013-11-21	99.57	blue
CAN	BRITE-CA1 'Toronto'	BTr	2014-06-19	98.24	red
CAN	BRITE-CA2 'Montreal'	BMb	2014-06-19	n/a	blue

BRITE-CA2 "Montreal" was launched with the same rocket as BRITE-CA1 "Toronto", but did not separate from the upper stage 83%

5 satellites collect science data

IKS

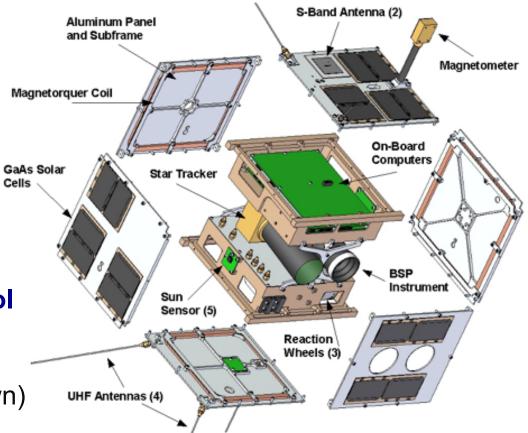


Satellite Design – BRITE nano satellites

- 20cm cubes mass ~ 7kg
- Pre-deployed antennas and booms
- Power (peak) 7 Watts
- Star tracker

6

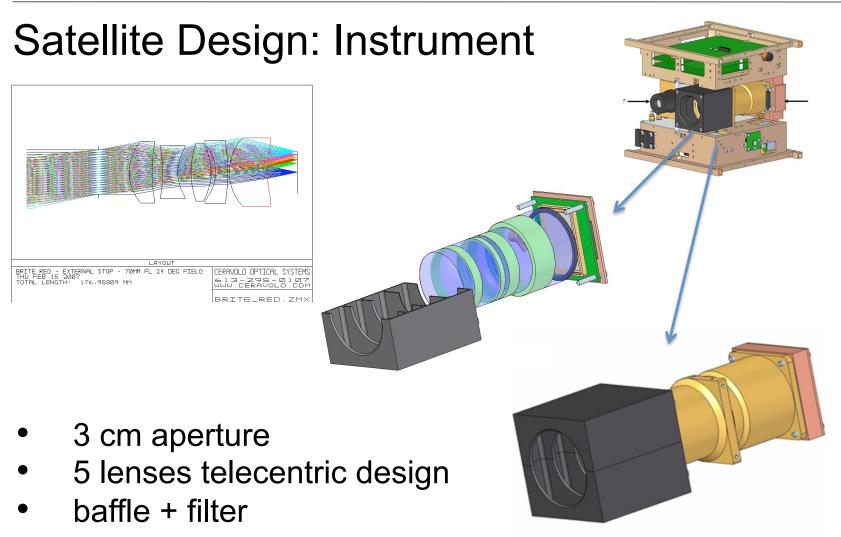
- Three-axis attitude control (~1.5 arcminute stability)
- UHF (up) and S-Band (down) communication



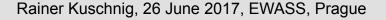
all BRITE satellite have the same design except instrument and **Star tracker**







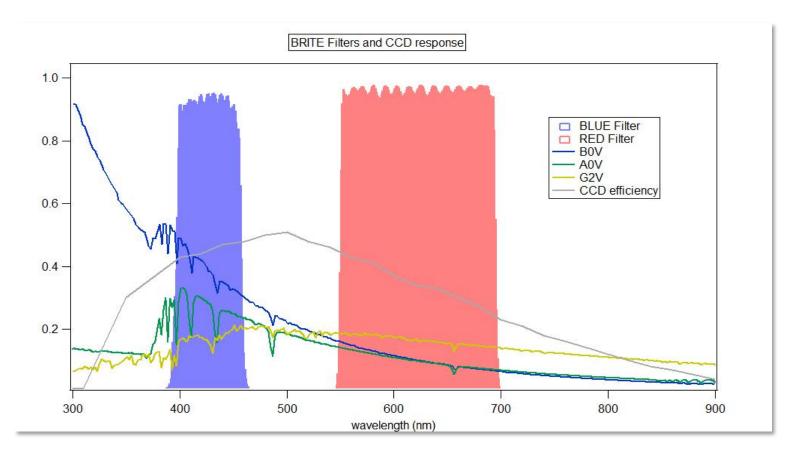
the optical design of the red and the blue telescope is slightly different







Satellite Design: Instrument Filters

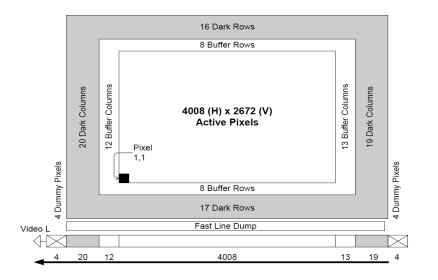


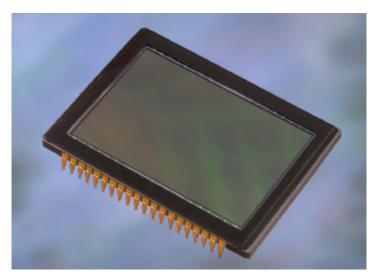
• BLUE 400-450 nm • RED 550-700 nm





Satellite Design: Instrument Detector CCD : KODAK KA11002

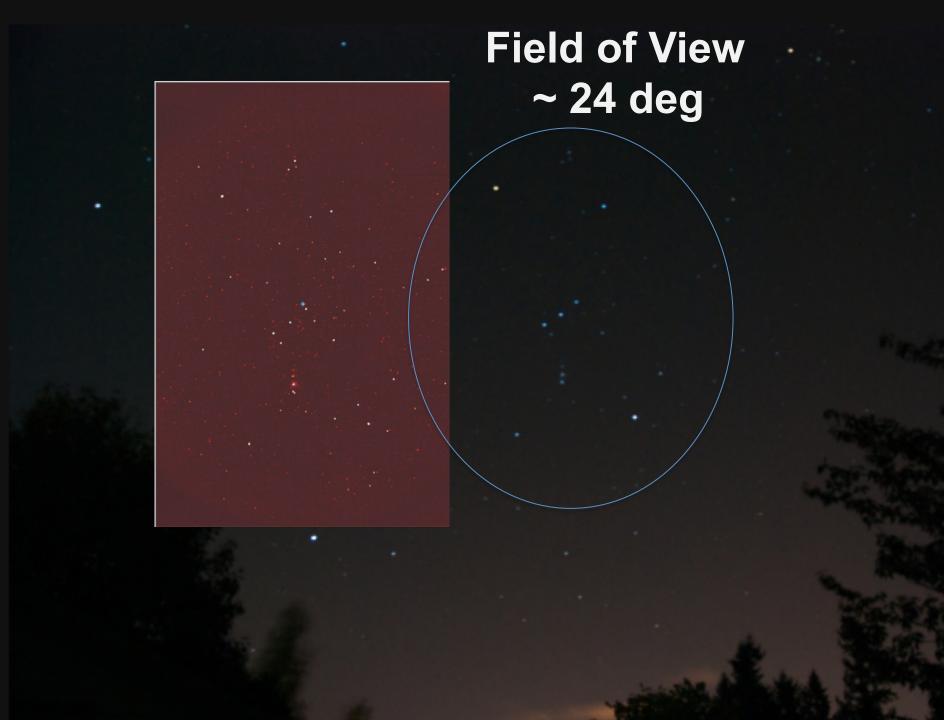




good performance at high temperature (+10 to +30C)
no cooling system is required, low power consumption
very reasonable price

does not "like" low earth orbit radiation environment!

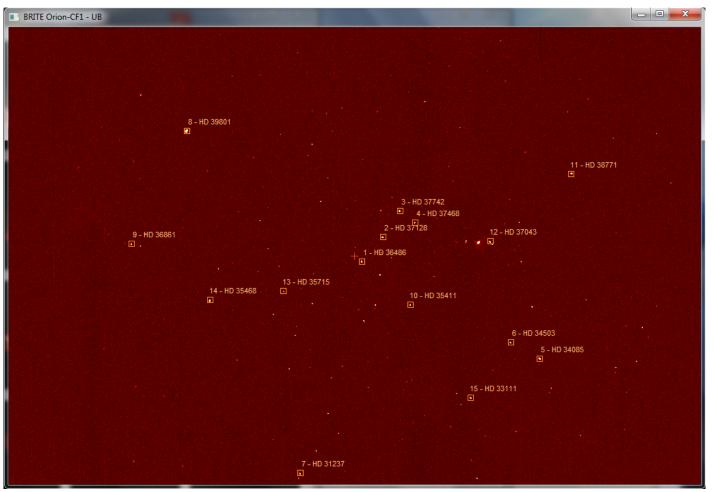






Satellite Design: Instrument Field of View

Orion red







Satellite Design: Instrument Field of View

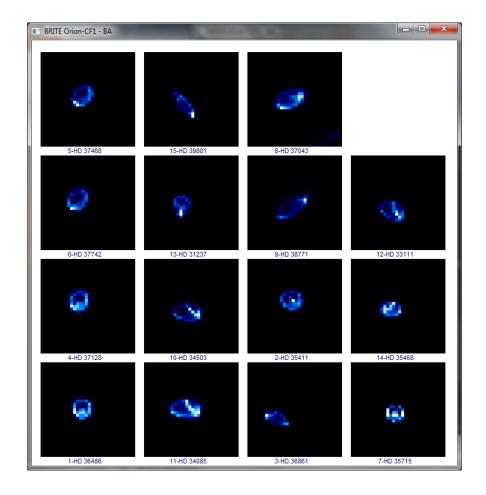
Orion blue

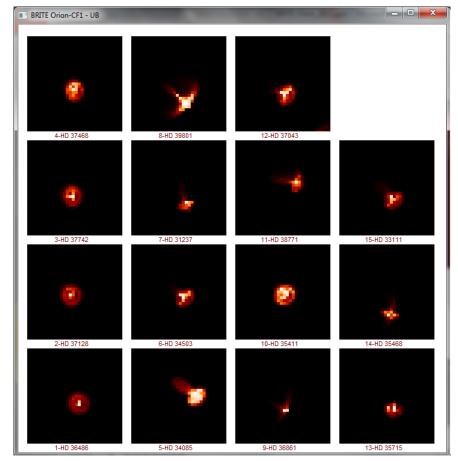






Satellite Design: Instrument Imaging



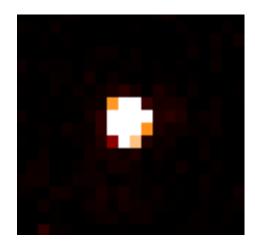


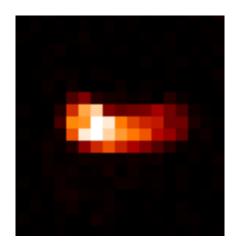
IKS



¹⁴ Satellite Design: Attitude Control System

- is the most important subsystem and only if that works to required limits then the measurement can be of scientific quality
- we need to keep the instruments while observing looking at the same orientation on the sky at the level 1.5 arcmin (rms) – 1 pixel ~ 30 arcsec



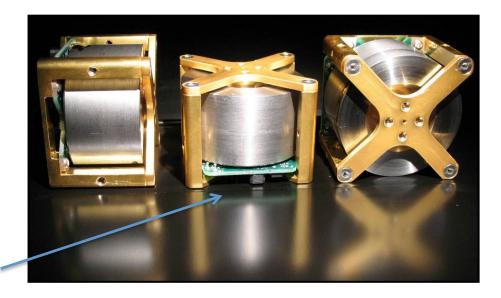






Satellite Design: Attitude Control System

- Sunsensors
- Magnetometers
- Startracker
- Magnetorquers
- Reactionwheels



+ Computer and Control Software





Satellites Orbits: 98 -100min Period ~27,000 km/h

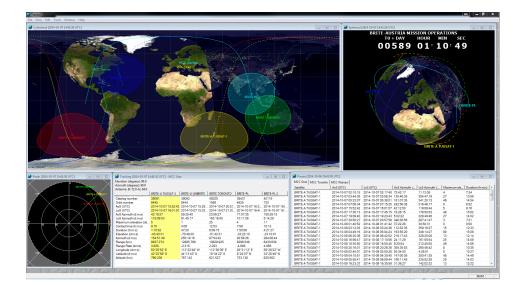






¹⁷ BRITE-Austria Ground Station @ TU Graz











BRITE Ground Station Requirements

- Professional ground segment approach
- Integration in a ground station network
- Tracking (LEO), 6 contacts/day of 10-15min/each
- High performance for nanosatellites
 - 2-10 Mbyte / day typical between16-20 Mbyte / day
 - Data rate: 32 kbit/s
- High reliability

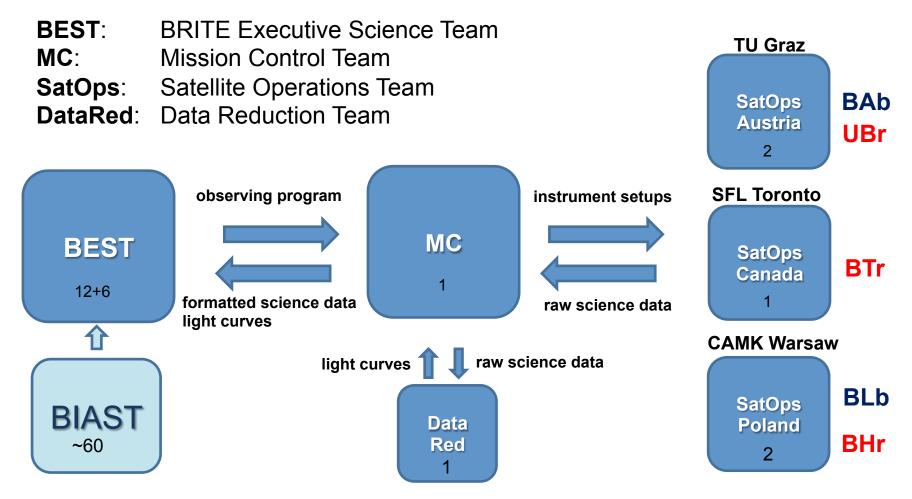
18

Data integrity and raw data storage





Mission Organization



BIAST: BRITE International Advisory Science Team





BRITE: Target Stars – Observing Field Selection BEST/BIAST

- 58 proposals have been submitted
- 26 PI's and their teams from 16 countries



- <= 6 mag(V) with a priority targets <= 4.5 mag(V)</p>
 - many multiple nominations up 7 PI for one star
- **BEST** desides which fields are observed about 12 month before the observations are scheduled (GB support)

OBSERVING PLAN posted on WIKI site





²¹ BRITE Constellation Observing Schedule

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	Ç	ANTT project	\mathbf{z}	₹	>	2010			2016		<u>т</u>	Ţ	1. 1					- <u>T</u> -	20		1	T.				- <u> </u>
		Name	Begin d	End date	Duration	Oct	Nov [Dec Ja	an Fel	b Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul A	Aug	Sep C	ct No)v Dec	; Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun Ju	i Au	ug Sep (
-	Ŷ	16_Aur/Per 05h00,40d40	9/10/16	3/8/17	180																					
		• BTr	9/10/16	3/8/17	180																					
		● BLb	9/10/16	3/8/17	180																					
		● BHr	9/10/16	3/8/17	180																					
	Ŷ	• 17_OrionIV 05h12,-00d30	9/10/16	3/6/17	178																					
		● UBr	9/10/16	3/6/17	178																					
		BAb	9/10/16	3/6/17	178																					
	Ŷ	I7_BetPic 07h13,-50d30	11/1/16	4/29/17	180																					
		• BTr	11/1/16	4/29/17	180]			
		• BLb	11/1/16	4/29/17	180																					
	Ŷ	18_Car 10h17,-61d20	1/10/17	7/12/17	184																					
		• UBr	1/10/17	7/12/17	184																					
		BAb	1/10/17	7/12/17	184																					
		● BHr	1/10/17	7/12/17	184																					
	Ŷ	18_Ara/Sco 17h00,-48d39	3/9/17	9/11/17	187																					
		• BTr	3/9/17	9/11/17	187																					
•		● BLb	3/9/17	9/11/17	187																					

OBSERVING PLAN posted on WIKI site



field name

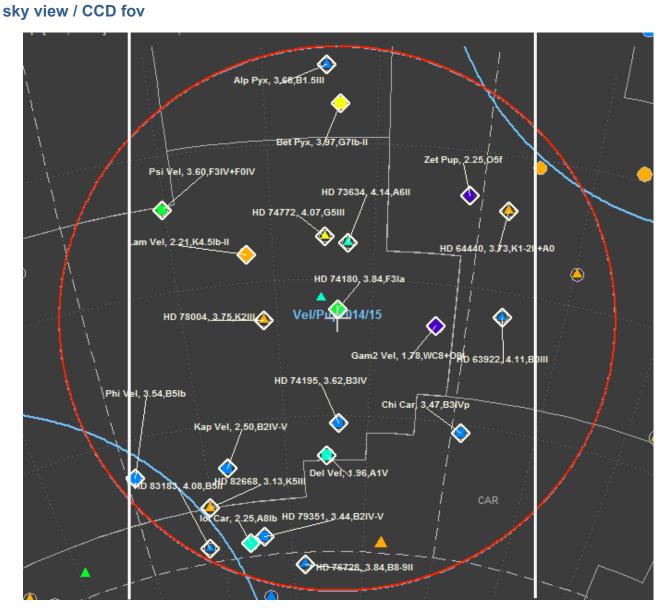
Vel/Pup

centre coordinates, roll angle RA 08 40 00 DEC -47 30 00 Roll 0

dates/ status/ sats 1 Dec 2014 - 28 May 2015 planned/BTr-BAb

stars 22

HD#	ID	V	Sp	nP
HD 76728		3.84	B8-9II	2
HD 79351		3.44	B2IV-V	3
HD 80404	lot Car	2.25	A8lb	1
HD 83183		4.08	B5II	2
HD 82668		3.13	K5III	2
HD 81188	Kap Vel	2.5	B2IV-V	4
HD 86440	Phi Vel	3.54	B5Ib	3
HD 74956	Del Vel	1.96	A1V	1
HD 65575	Chi Car	3.47	B3IVp	4
HD 74195		3.62	B3IV	3
HD 68273	Gam2 Vel	1.78	WC8+09I	2
HD 63922		4.11	BOIII	3
HD 64440		3.73	K1-2II+A0	1
HD 66811	Zet Pup	2.25	O5f	4
HD 74180		3.84	F3la	1
HD 73634		4.14	A6II	1
HD 74772		4.07	G5III	1
HD 78004		3.75	K2III	1
HD 78647	Lam Vel	2.21	K4.5Ib-II	1
HD 82434	Psi Vel	3.6	F3IV+F0IV	2
HD 74006	Bet Pyx	3.97	G7lb-II	2
HD 74575	АІр Рух	3.68	B1.5III	3





BRITE Post/Present/Pre-Observation Info:

orion-ub

Orion Field

Table of Contents

Orion Field
Observational Details

Targets

Orion was the commissioning field for the BRITE mission. Therefore, it is subject to large data gaps as well as pointing issues. The data is still usable for science and the last 3 months of data for both UniBRITE and BRITE Austria are mostly continuous. A secondary observation of Orion is currently under-way.

Observational Details

Coordinates: 05h30m00s : 00d30m00s Dates: September 12th, 2013 - March 18th, 2014 Status: Completed Satellites: UBr, BAb

Targets

#	HD	Name	v	Sp.Type	Contact PI	TNDP ¹⁾
1	31237	π^5 Ori	3.72	B3 III + B0 V	Handler	59622
2	33111	β Eri	2.79	A3 III	Moffat ²⁾	59024
3	34085	β Ori	0.12	B8 la	Guinan	59123
4	34503	т Ori	3.60	B5 III	Pigulski	59446
5	35411	η Ori	3.36	B1 V + B2	Pigulski	59370
6	35468	γ Ori	1.64	B2 III	Handler	59001
7	35715	ψ^2 Ori	4.59	B2 IV	Pigulski	59860
8	36486	δ Ori	2.23	O9.5 II	Moffat	59317
9	36861	λ Ori	3.54	O8 IIIf	Moffat	59382
10	37043	ı Ori	2.77	O9 III	Moffat	59485
11	37128	ε Ori	1.70	B0 la	Moffat	58977
12	37468	σ Ori	3.81	O9.5 V	Moffat	59182
13	37742	ζ Ori	2.05	O9.7 lb	Moffat	58853
14	38771	к Ori	2.06	B0.5 la	Moffat	59433
15	39801	α Ori	0.50	M1-2 la-lab	Guinan	59071

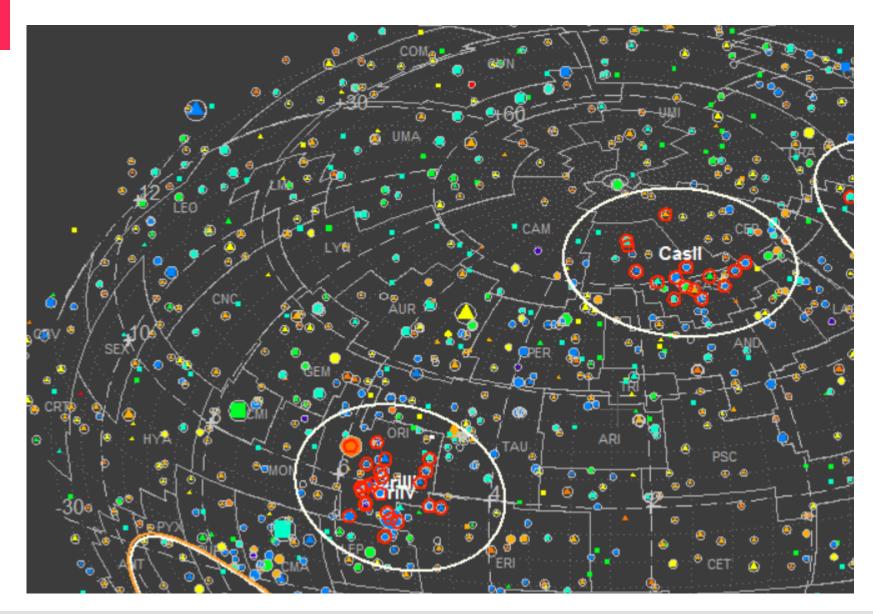
details on WIKI site: http://brite.craq-astro.ca/doku.php

- observation period
- field centre coordinates
- stars information
- assigned satellites
- Principle Investigator(s)
- contact PI (if yet elected)



BRITE increasing efficiency: COMBINING TWO FIELDS

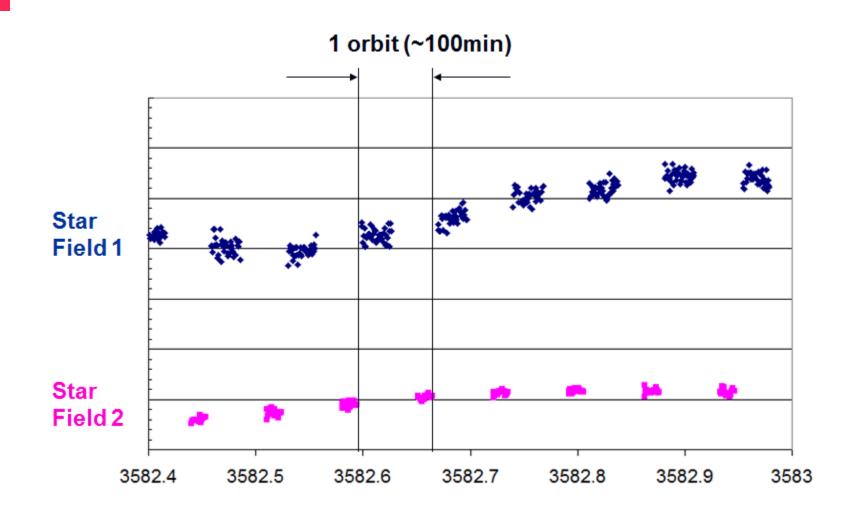




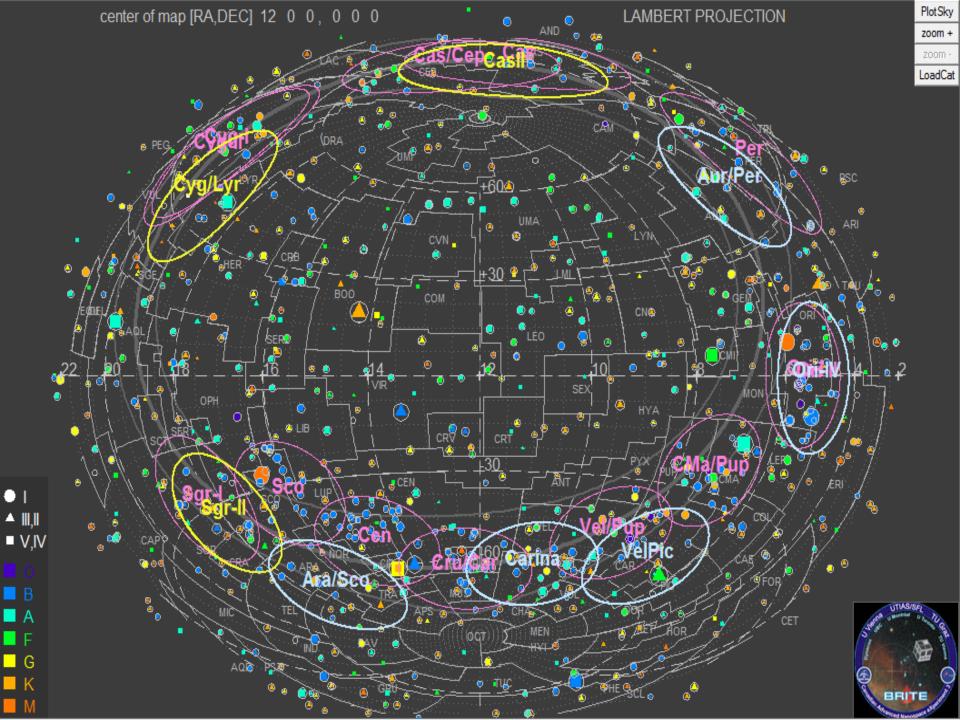


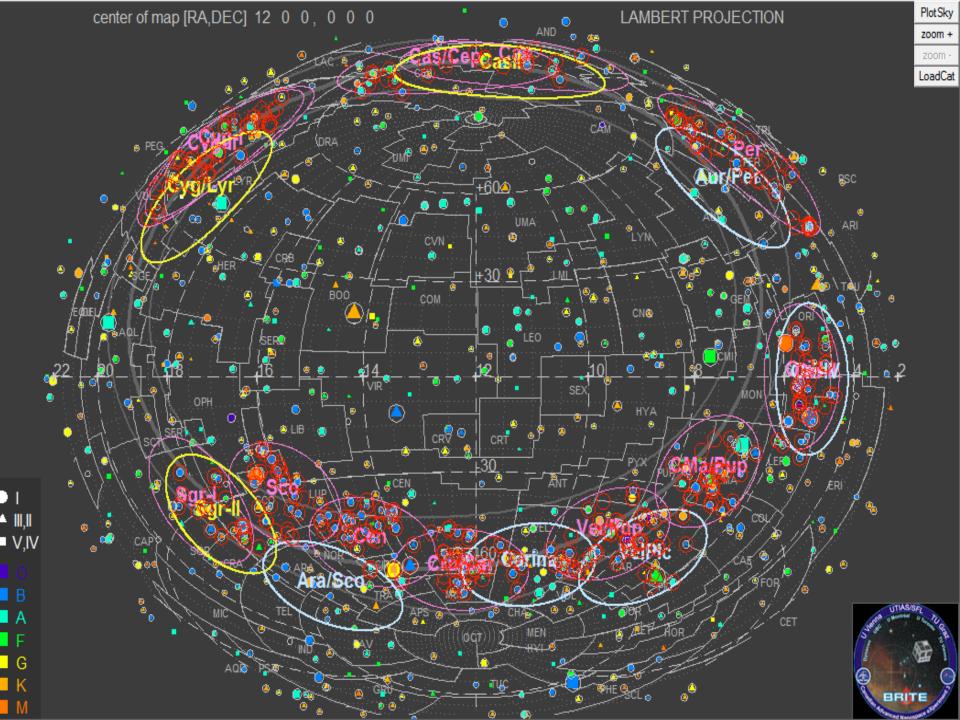






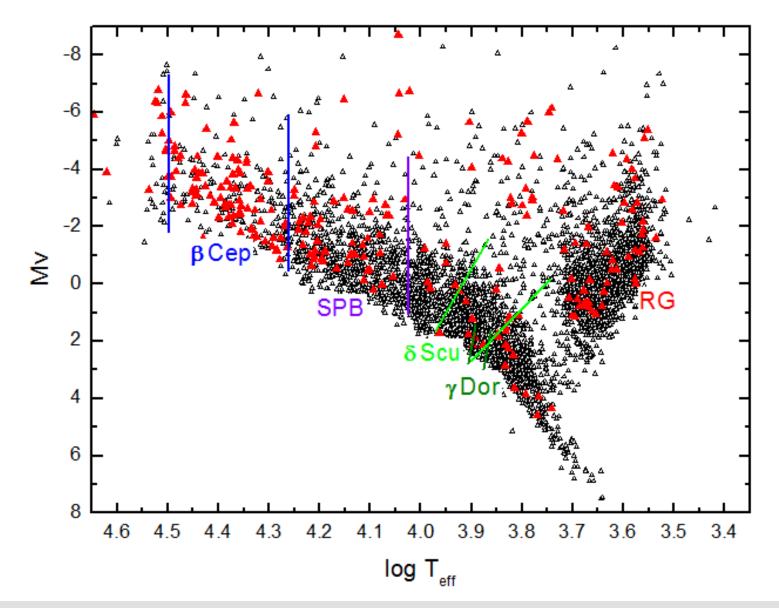






BRITE HRD Coverage To Date

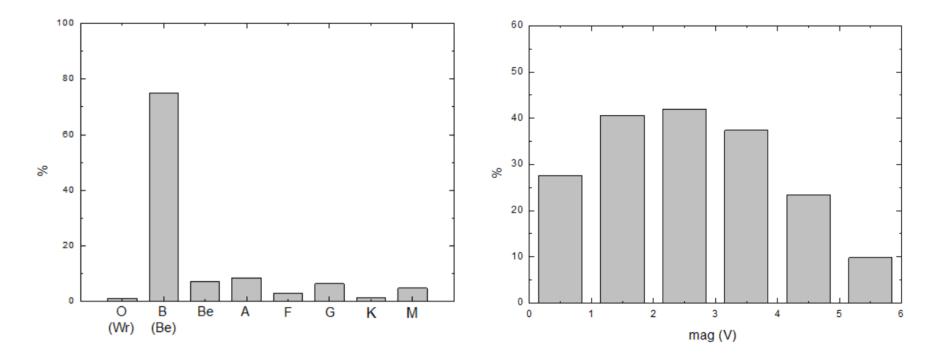








BRITE target stars statistics



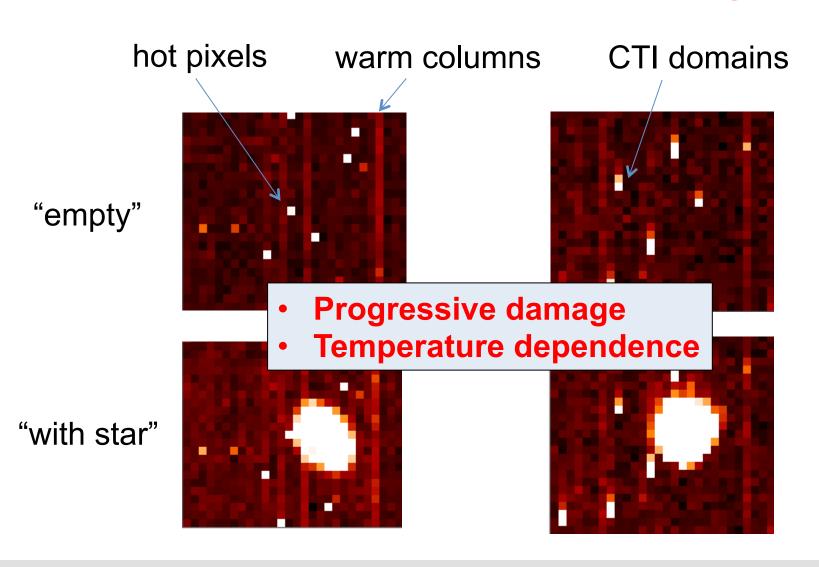
> 500 stars have been observed some 60 multiple times







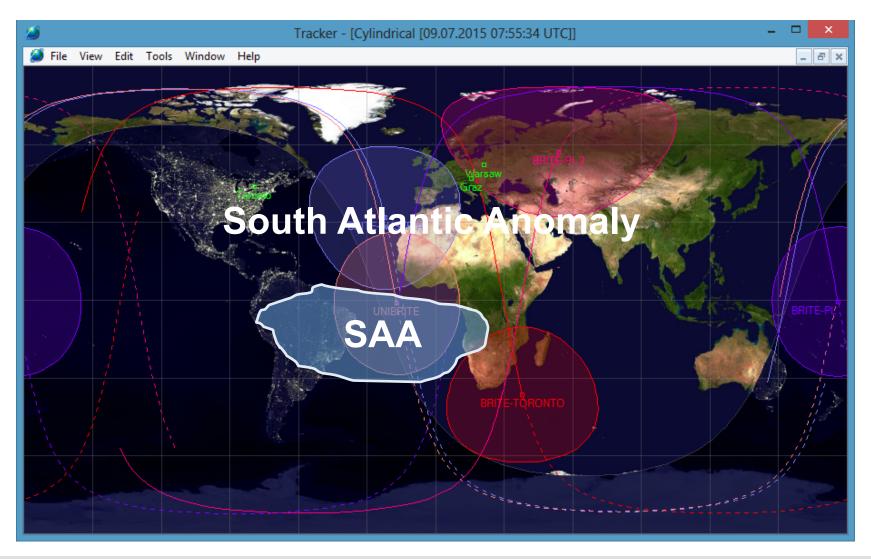
Main Issue: Radiation Damage







Main Issue: Radiation Damage - SAA

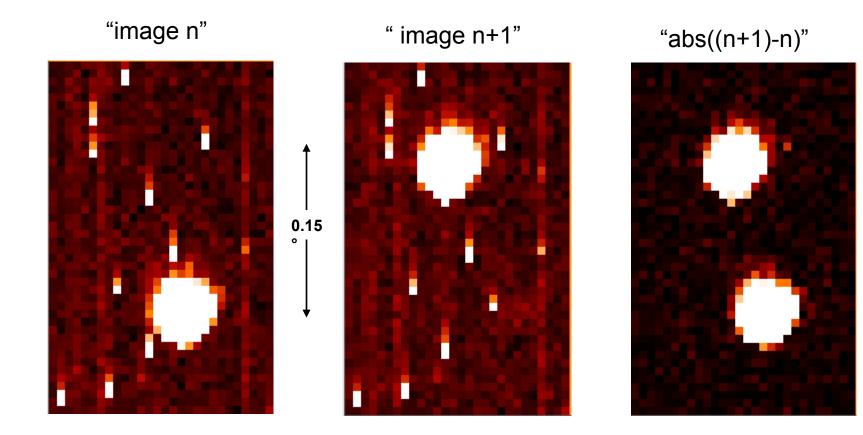




Rainer Kuschnig, 12.04.2016, Innsbruck



Observing Strategy (since fall 2014) "Chopping" CTI effects were mitigated with longer charge transfer time

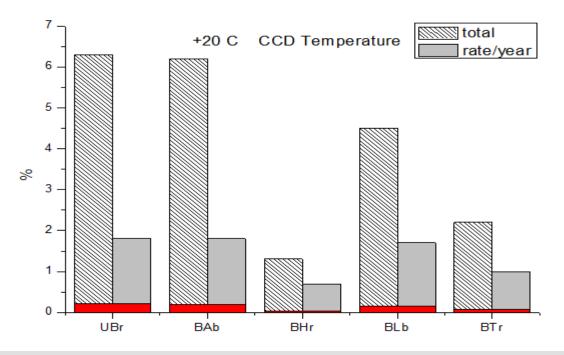


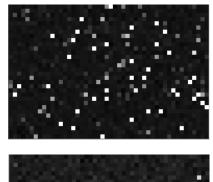




Satellite Hot Pixel Stats

Country	Satellite Name	ID	in orbit[y]	sci ops[y]	hpix[%]	hpix/y[%]	rpix/chop[%]
AUT	UniBRITE	UBr	3.5	2.7	6.3	1.8	0.21
AUT	BRITE-Austria	BAb	3.5	2.7	6.2	1.8	0.20
POL	Heweliusz	BHr	2.0	1.8	1.3	0.7	0.04
POL	Lem	BLb	2.7	2.2	4.5	1.7	0.15
CAN	Toronto	BTr	2.2	2.2	2.2	1.0	0.07

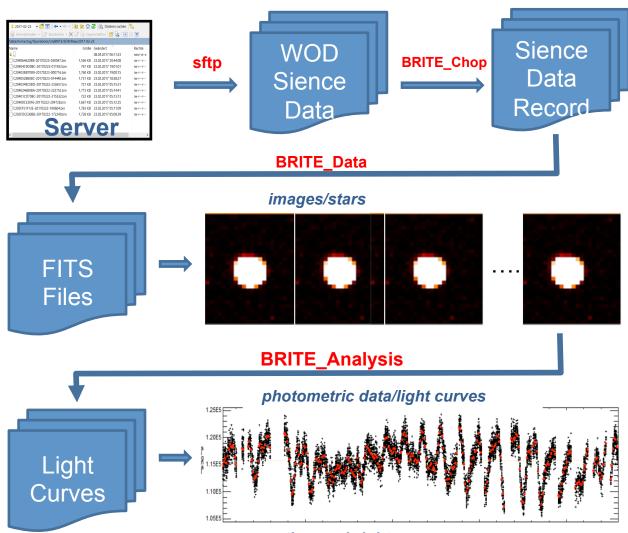








BRITE Data Processing: RAW DATA – PHOTOMETRIC DATA



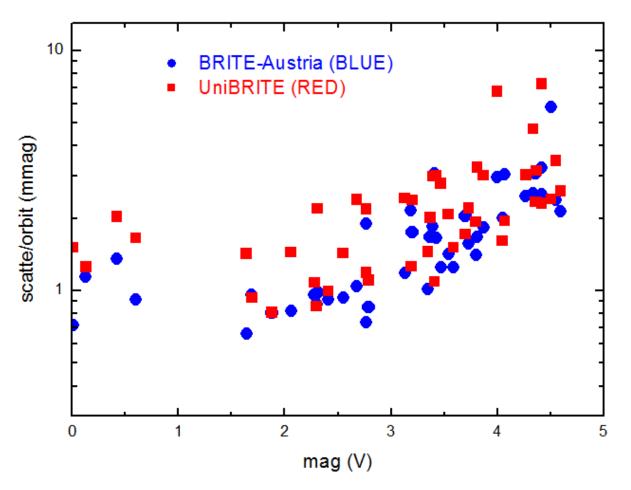
x: time, y: brightness

34



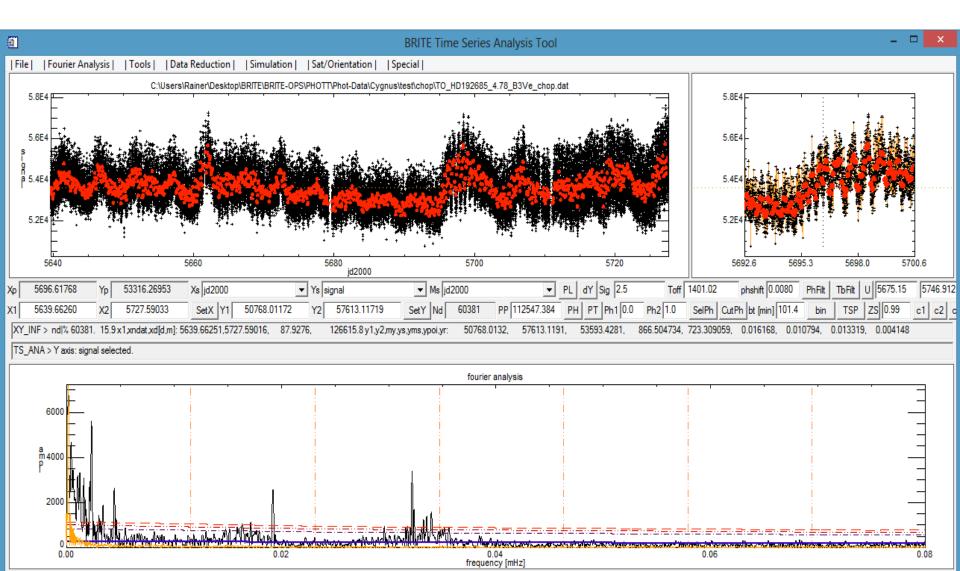


BRITE Photometry Performance



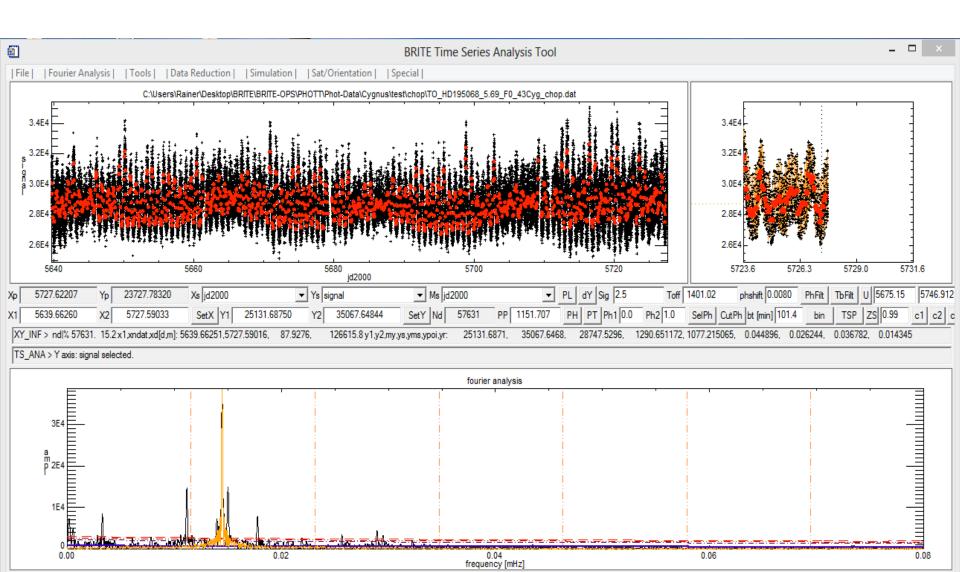


HD192685 mag(V)=4.78 B3Ve





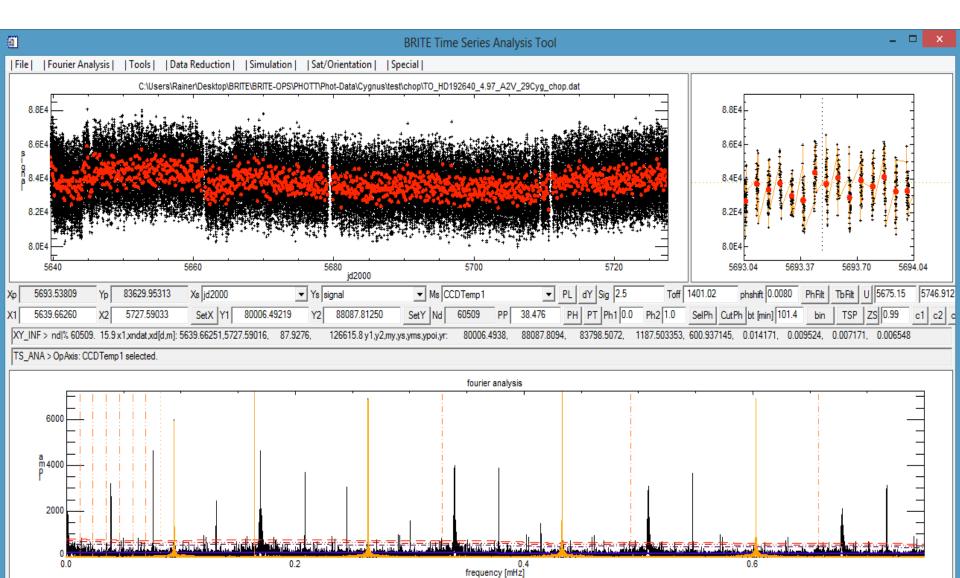
43 Cyg mag(V)=5.69 F0



BRITE photometry examples



29 Cyg mag(V)=4.97 A2V





Status Summary and Outlook

- BRITE-Constellation is operating since Feb. 2013
- 5 satellites are collecting data every day
- >500 stars in 23 campaigns almost 3 million images have been collected ... and counting
- data reduction and de-correlation is a complex task
- chopping technique mitigates radiation degradation
- expect at least 2 more years of quality data





BRITE Constellation Main Information Sites

General info at: http://www.brite-constellation.at/

BRITE-Constellation

nano-satellites for astrophysics



Welcome to the BRITE-Constellation website

Detailed info about observing program on WIKI site: http://brite.craq-astro.ca/doku.php



