# ASTRONET Status, progress and plans

Prague, 28 Jun 2017 - EWASS





## **ASTRONET**

A consortium of funding agencies for European astronomy focusing on strategic planning and coordination

#### Aim

To develop the <u>overall context</u> that can <u>assist</u> national funding agencies and European organisations in taking <u>science-based</u>, <u>rational</u>, <u>and coordinated</u> decisions for the long-term benefit and cost-effectiveness of European astronomy.



## Key achievement Science Vision and Infrastructure Roadmap



Jul 2014



## Supporting efforts

Preparing for a sustainable Virtual Observatory in Europe



ETFLA: European Task Force Laboratory Astrophysics

Astrophysical Software Laboratory Working Group

ERTRC: European Radio Telescope Review Committee

European Optical/IR Telescopes

ASTERICS H2020, cluster of infrastructures

Education and public outreach report













## **ASTRONET** today

FP7-ASTRONET ended on June 30th, 2015

Signature of LoI in June 2015 in the direction of a MoU preparation

Signature of the MoU in October 2016

New Board in April 2017 (BE, ESO, FR, HU, IT, NL, SE, UK)

- + observer/invitee: APPEC, EAS, ESA
- + intention to join: CZ, DE, DK, ES, GR, PT, UA

**Astronomy Coordination within Europe via: ASTRONET** 



## Our roadmap...



#### SEVENTH FRAMEWORK PROGRAMME

FP7 - INFRASTRUCTURES - 2010 - 1



#### ASTRONET Final report

Project acronym: ASTRONET

Project full title: Coordinating strategic planning for European Astronomy

Grant agreement no.: 262162



## Current plans

- Management activities
  - Complete the accession process
  - New communication channels
- Implementing the recommendations of the roadmap
  - CMB coordination in Europe (joint activity with APPEC)
  - Monitoring the European Medium and Large Size O/IR Ground facilities (J. Gallego and ESO)
  - Support the European Forum of Astronomical Communities (J. Palous)
  - ....
  - ASTERICS Policy Forum
- Towards a new Science Vision and Infrastructure Roadmap



## ASTERICS/ASTRONET policy forum



# WP1's Policy Forum will coordinate and agree new models for joint time allocation, observing and data access/sharing.

Within the policy forum, the ESFRI facilities, together with other major astronomy research infrastructures, will study how to harmonise joint and efficient scheduling, operation and interoperability of the various multi-wavelength and multi-messenger telescopes.

The forum convenes dialogues aimed at producing actionable outcomes in key policy areas, such as: interoperability, commensal observations, and data access.



## Four key topics



#### 1. Joint time allocation

A common policy, including practical aspects like software tools, database..., for requesting joint time at current and future ESFRI observatories

#### 2. Observing strategies for multi-messenger campaign

The policy forum will define new models for coordinating observing campaigns that take advantage of the new multi-messenger approach envisioned by the ASTERICS collaboration

#### 3. Data access and sharing

Common policies are needed to harmonize the distribution of data from different facilities and to enable sharing information across the typical disciplinary boundaries.

#### 4. General policies of common interest

ASTERICS wants to establish a single collaborative cluster of next generation ESFRI telescopes in the area of astronomy, astrophysics and astroparticle physics.



## And four ESFRI RI



#### 1. CTA – ELT – KM3NET – SKA

- 2. Study of some MW/MM science cases by the RI with a specific insight on the Policy Forum needs
- 3. Share of the idea in the first Policy FORUM (end of 2017, beginning of 2018), together with an extended list of European Data Providers (including space missions)
- 4. The PF committee will then analyze the findings and propose, together with the 4 RI, some guidelines for future policies regarding MW/MM coordination.
- 5. Share this largely within the second Policy FORUM (end of 2018)



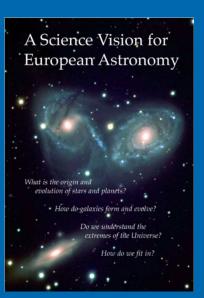
# Towards a new Science Vision and Infrastructure Roadmap for European Astronomy

Colin Vincent, STFC, Leuven, May 2017



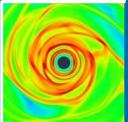
## Developing the Science Vision

- Made maximum use of available documents (e.g. national strategic plans, ESA's Cosmic Vision, ESO-ESA reports, scientific cases for new facilities)
- Broad cross-section of science community About 50 people in Working Group and 4 Panels
- 9 Working Group and 31 Panel meetings Wider community input via web-based discussion forum and symposium.



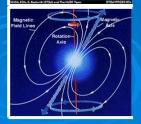














## Science Vision Key Questions Panels

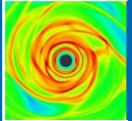
A: Do we understand the extremes of the Universe? (John Peacock)

B: How do galaxies form and evolve? (Jacqueline Bergeron)

C: What is the origin and evolution of stars and planetary systems? (Leonardo Testi)

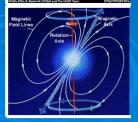
D: How do we (and the solar System) fit in? (Oskar van der Lühe)













## Infrastructure Roadmap

• A plan for the development of the infrastructures to enable European Astronomy to deliver the Science Vision

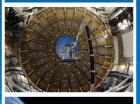
Took the Science Vision as the point of departure

Covered both ground & space-based facilities, including VO, HPC, theory, HR issues, outreach, education and training, industrial links

Incorporated existing ESO, ESA plans as far as possible, and a global perspective

Tried to fit within reasonable budgetary envelopes









## Roadmap Panels (Chairs)

High energy astrophysics, astroparticle astrophysics, gravitational waves [Guenther Hasinger, Patrizia Caraveo]

UVOIR and radio/mm astronomy [Michael Grewing, Laurent Vigroux]

Solar telescopes, solar system missions, laboratory studies [Mats Carlsson, Therese Encrenaz)

Theory, computing facilities and networks, virtual observatory [Francoise Combes, Paolo Padovani]

Education, recruitment and training, public outreach [Rosa Maria Ros, Bob Fosbury]





## Next Steps

- Possibly to include survey of how relevant/helpful the current versions have been
- Possibly look at ways to involve more of the community / younger researchers
- Possibly look at alternative routes to data collection more workshops
- Obtain 'buy in' from agencies and research organisations how do we ensure wider 'ownership'
- Agree with Astronet on resources and coordinator

Commence 2018
Complete 2020?



## Concluding remarks

- EAS ASTRONET links are now very strong
- The European Forum for Astronomical communities is an excellent initiative supported by ASTRONET and in the direct continuation of the previous activities. The link with ESO is also very important.
- ASTRONET new SV+IR require stronger links with the Community []
   Important role for EAS
- ASTRONET will be present at EWASS 2018 in Liverpool
  - Specific session on the SV+IR
  - Continuation of the European Forum