Artist view of Mrk 231

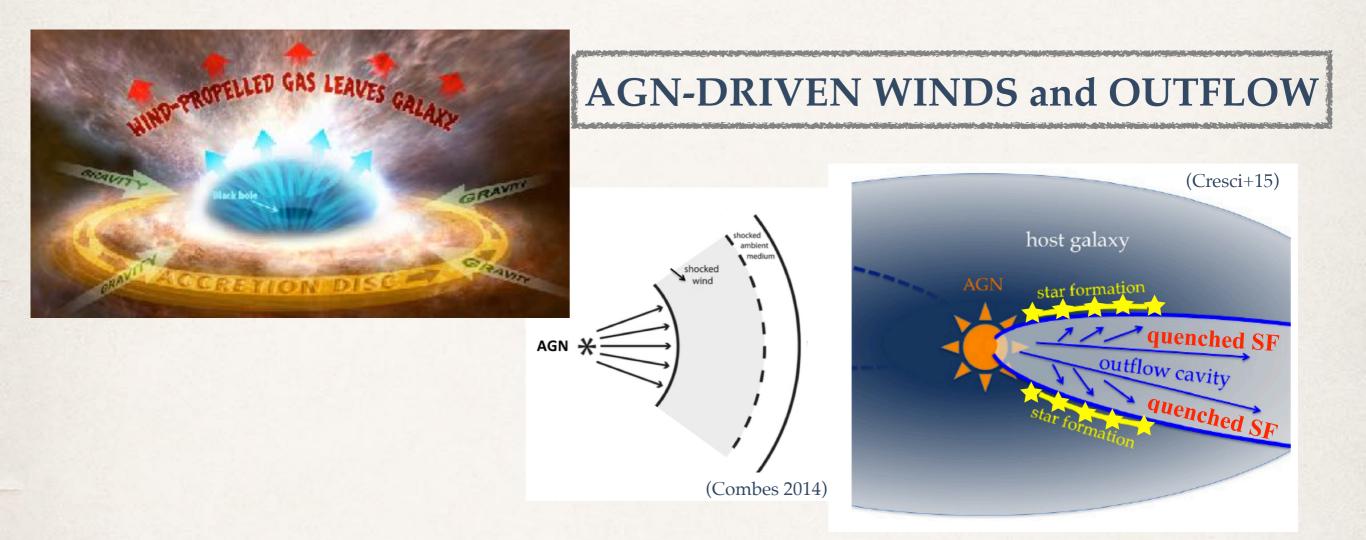
Credit: Gemini Observatory/AURA, artwork by Lynette Cook

Probing AGN feedback in Mrk231 through high-res UV-to-midIR and radio observations

Angela Bongiorno (INAF - OAR) F. Fiore, E. Piconcelli, M. Perez-Torres, E. Brocato, G. Raimondo et al.

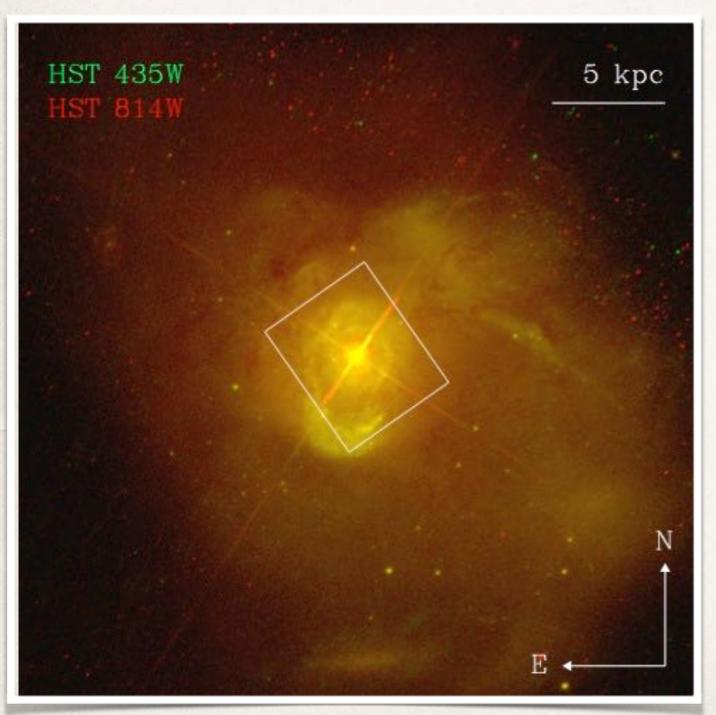
Prague - Ewass - June 2017

AGN-galaxy coevolution



- "Negative Feedback": the outflow may inhibit SF in the host by clearing / heating the interstellar gas (Zubovas & King 2012)
- "Positive Feedback": the outflow might also be responsible for inducing SF in the host through gas compression at its edges (e.g. Silk 2013, King 2005; Imanishi & Fabian 2012)

Markarian 231 as unique test case for AGN feedback in action



- nearest QSO (z=0.042)
- * most luminous ULIRG in the local Universe L_{IR}=3.6 10¹² L⊙
- >40% L_{bol} in SB activity
- late-state merger
- X-ray under-luminous AGN: Lx=10⁴³ erg/s
- * BAL QSOs
- Expanding shells on Kpc scales

THIS IS EXACTLY WHERE WE DO EXPECT FEEDBACK

Mrk 231: powerful outflows

500

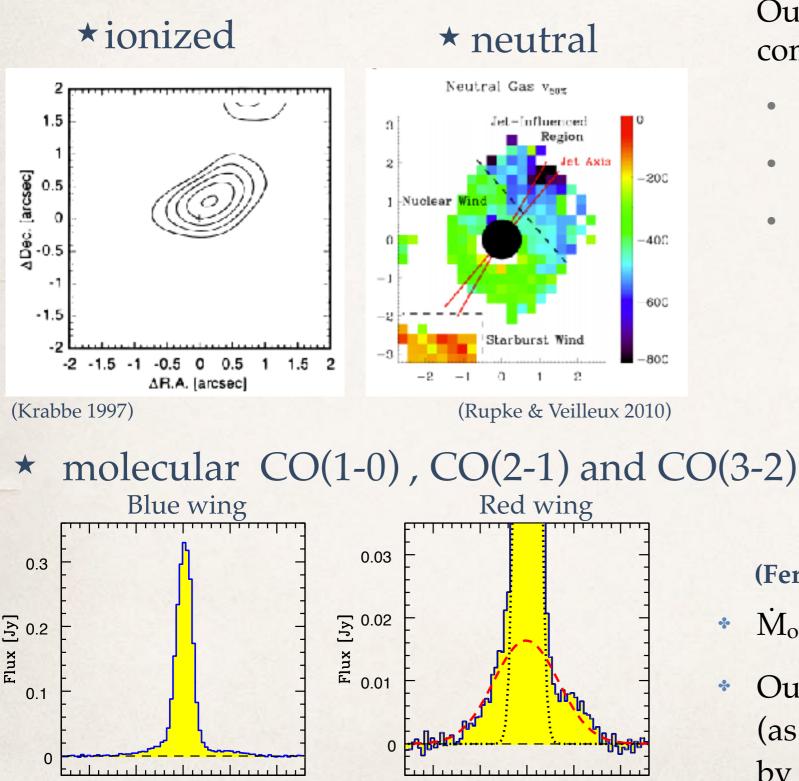
1000

0

Velocity [Km/s]

-1000

-500



0

Velocity [Km/s]

-1000 -500

500

1000

Outflows observed in all the gas components:

- ionized: NW d~0.7 Kpc
- **neutral:** NW d~1 Kpc
- molecular: SW d~0.7 Kpc

First evidence of massive molecular OUTFLOW!

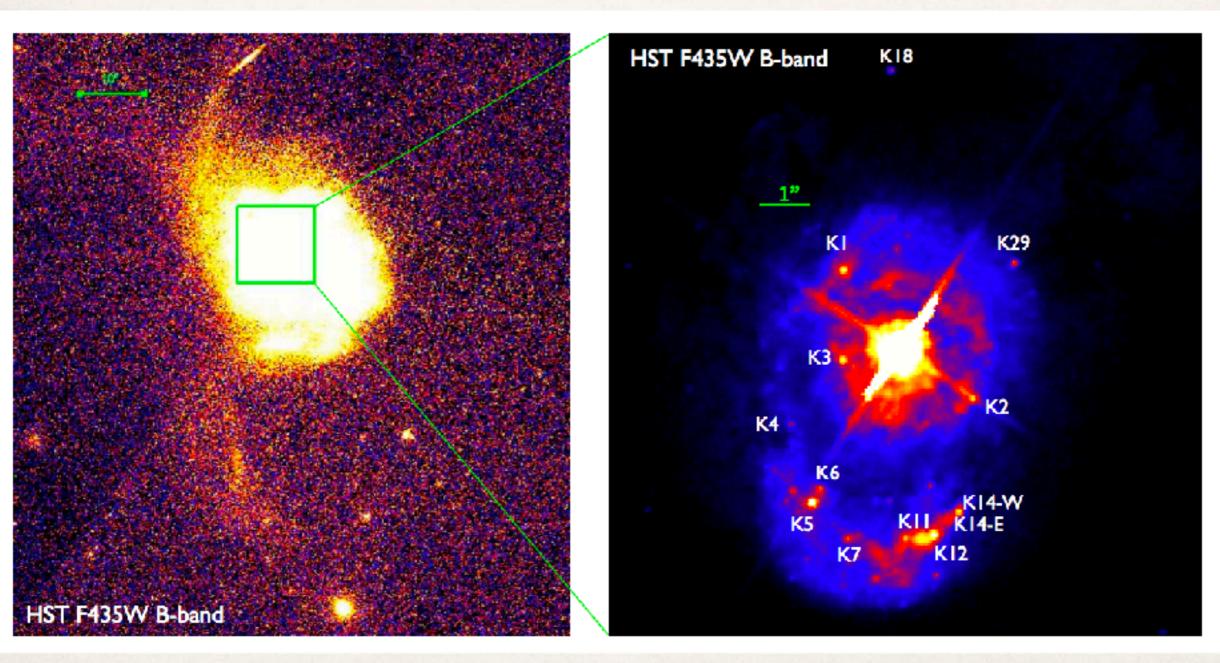
(Feruglio C. et al. 2010, feruglio C. et al. 2015)

- * \dot{M}_{out} [700 M_☉/yr] > SFR [200 M_☉/yr]
- Outflow Kinetic power ~ 6% AGN L_{bol} (as expected for a shock wave produced by radiation pressure onto the ISM)

STUDY AGN FEEDBACK MARKS ON THE HOST GALAXY INNER REGION

| | Telescope/Instrument | Config. | Filter | λ_{cent} | Exp. time [sec] | Pixel scale ["/px] |
|----------|--------------------------|----------|-----------|------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| NIR | LBT/PISCES LBT/PISCES | AO AO | J Ks | 1.27μm 2.12μm | 33 min 20 min | 0.019 0.019 |
| | LBT/LMIRCAM | AO | L | 3.7µm | 30 min | 0.0101 |
| May2017! | LBT/LMIRCAM | AO | Lnarrow-1 | 3.79µm | 1h | 0.0101 |
| mid-IR | LBT/LMIRCAM | AO | Lnarrow-2 | 3.93µm | 1h | 0.0101 |
| | LBT/NOMIC | AO | 7.9µm | 7.9µm | 1h | 0.018 |
| | | | | | | |
| | HST/NICMOS | NIC2 | F160W | 1.6µm | 43 min | 0.05 |
| | HST/ACS | ACS/WFC | F814W | 8059.8 Å | 14 min | 0.05 |
| UV-OPT | HST/ACS | ACS/WFC | F435W | 4317.4 Å | 24 min | 0.05 |
| | HST/ACS | ACS/HRC | F330W | 3362.7 Å | 1 9 min | 0.025 |
| | HST/WFC3 | UVIS1 | F225W | 2365.8 Å | 23 min | 0.04 |
| | | | | | | |
| RADIO | VLA | B-conf | 1.4 GHz | | 3.5h | beam=2.05"×1.72" |
| NADIO | JVLA | B-conf | 32.5 GHz | | | beam=0.18"×0.17" |
| | | | | | | |

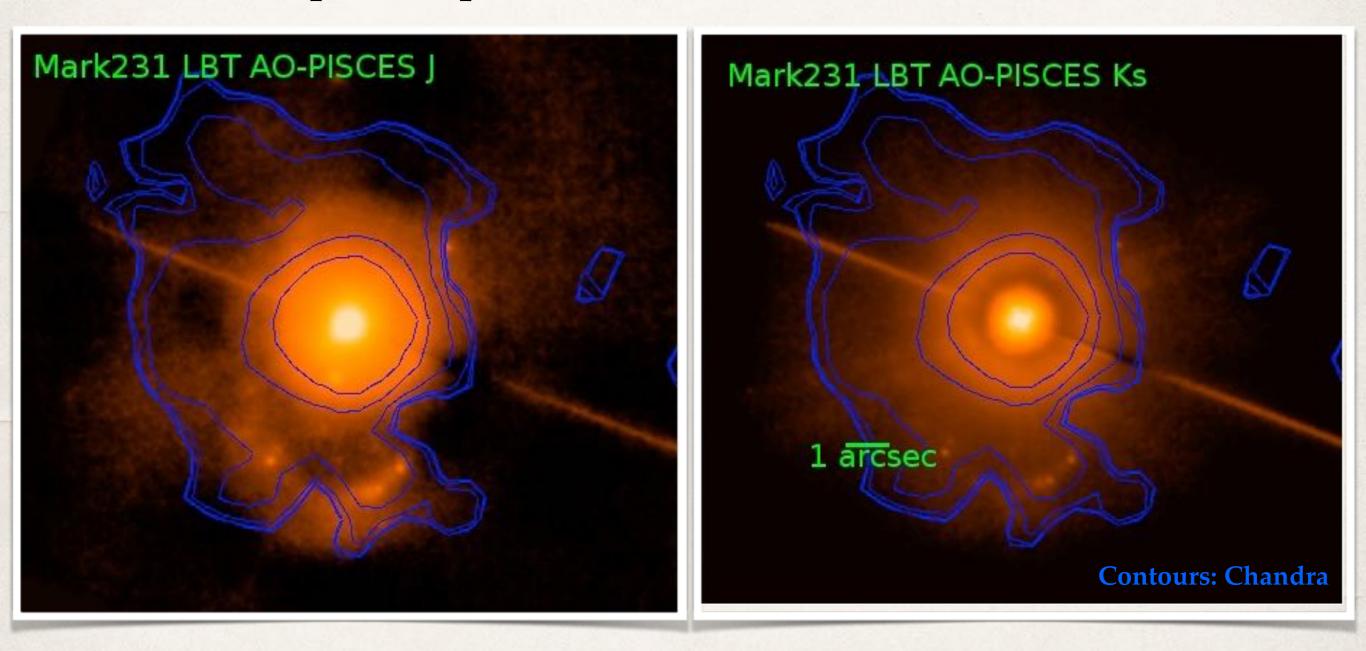
6



FOV=1.5' x 1.5'

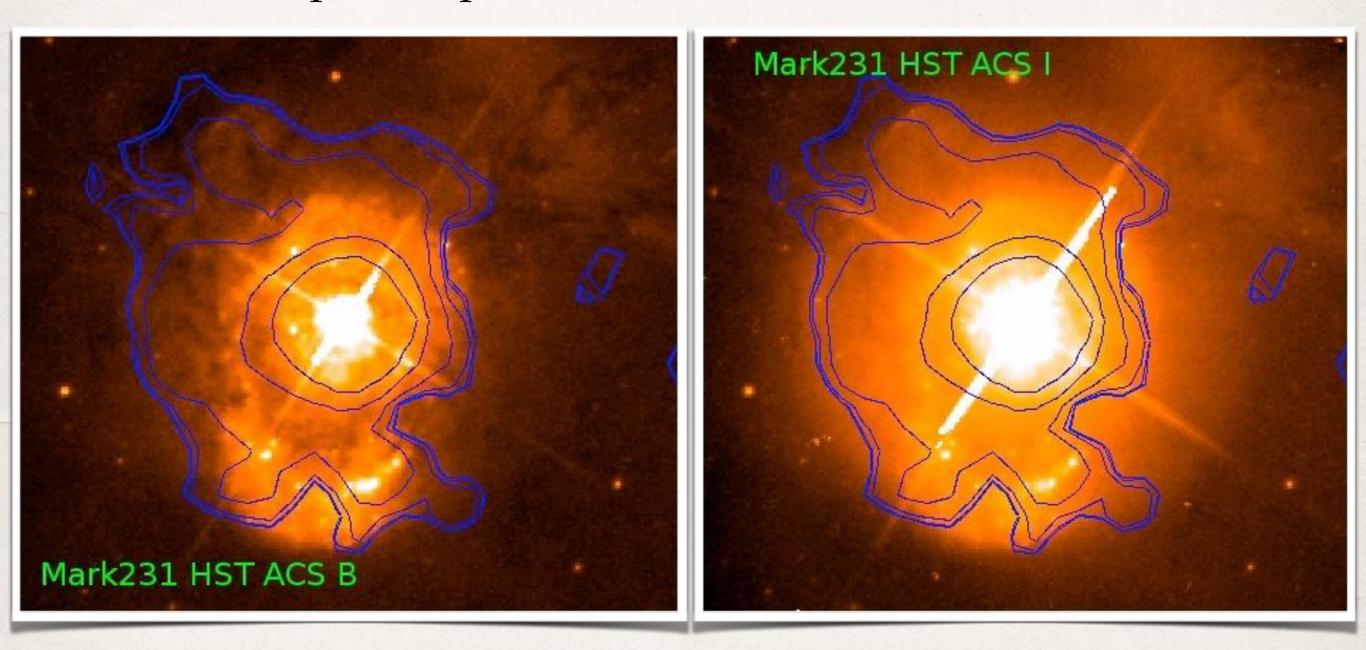
FOV=20" x 20"

Adaptive Optic J- and K-band observations

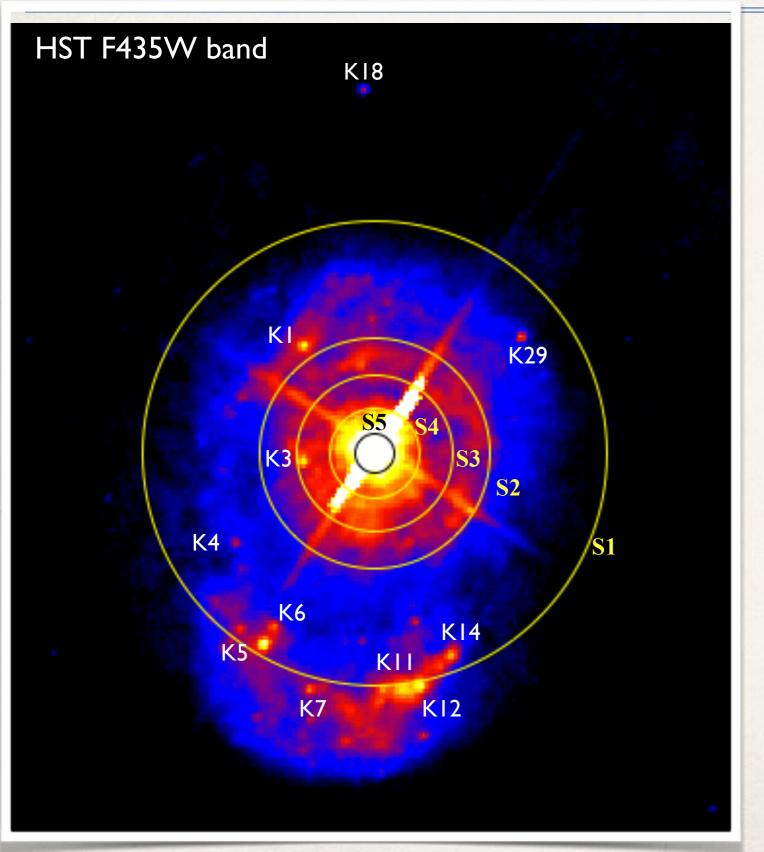


PISCES @ LBT scale=0.0195" / pixel

Adaptive Optic J- and K-band observations

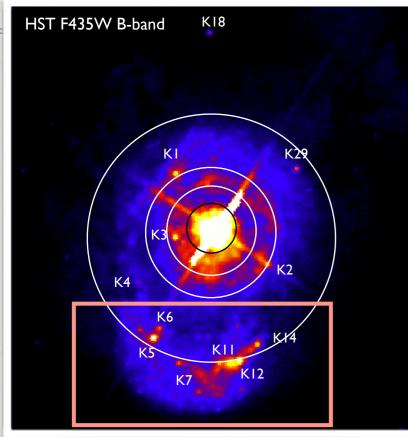


PISCES @ LBT scale=0.0195" / pixel

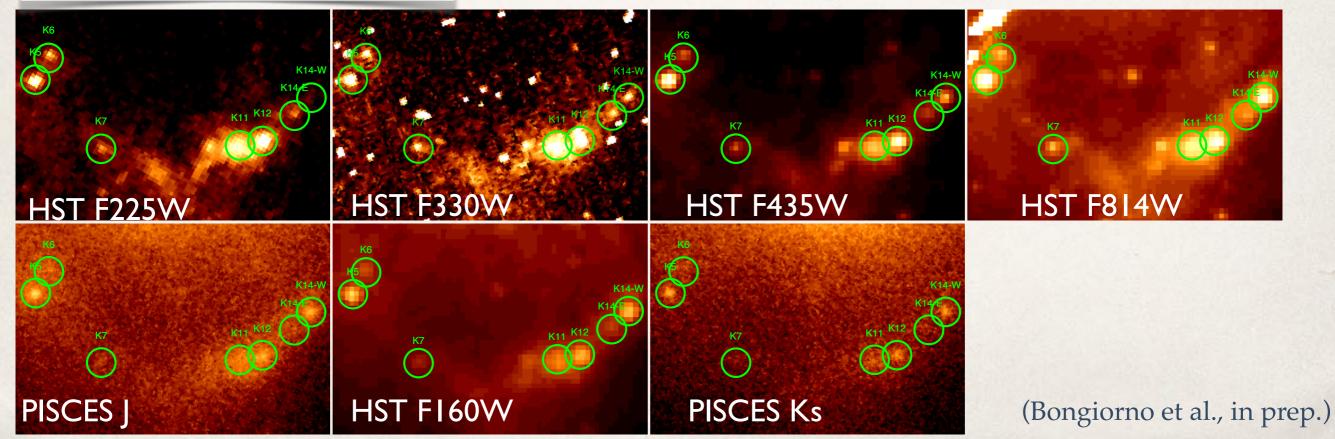


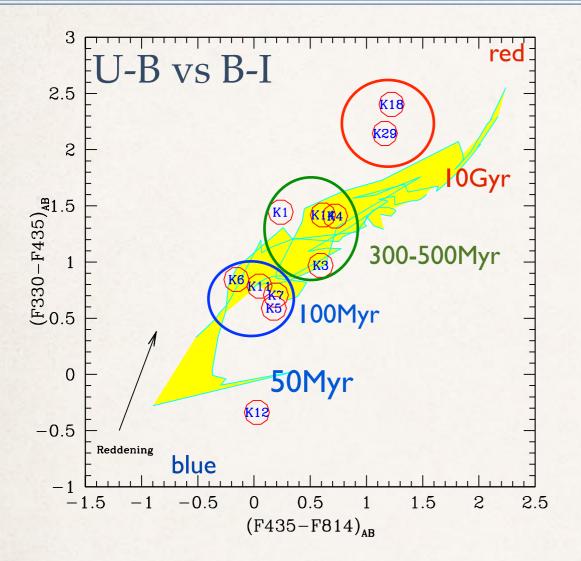
KNOTS and SHELLS

5 shells with several knots S5: @ 0.3" (0.2 kpc) - MOST INTERNAL S4: @ 0.7"(0.6 kpc) - CO OF scale S3: @ 1.2" (1.0 kpc) - neutral OF scale S2: @ 1.8" (1.5 kpc) S1: @ 3.5" (2.9 Kpc) - MOST EXTERNAL



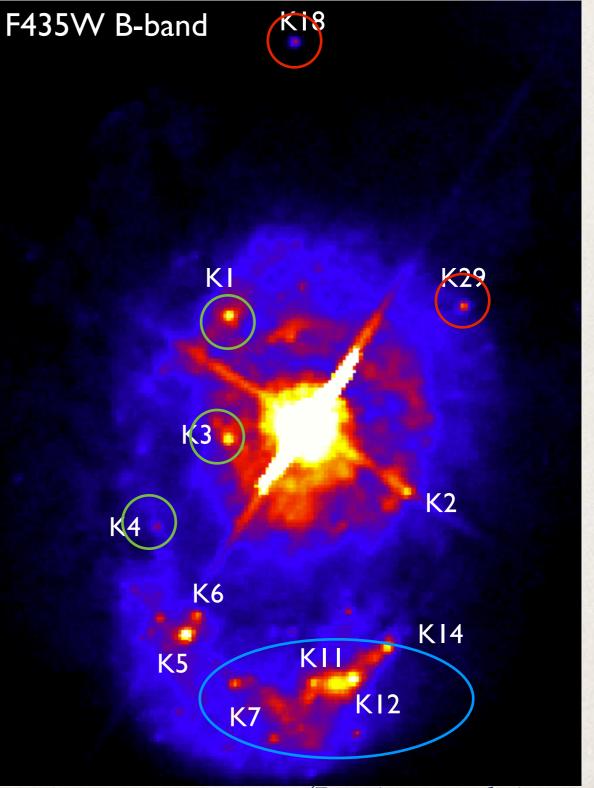
KNOTS and SHELLS

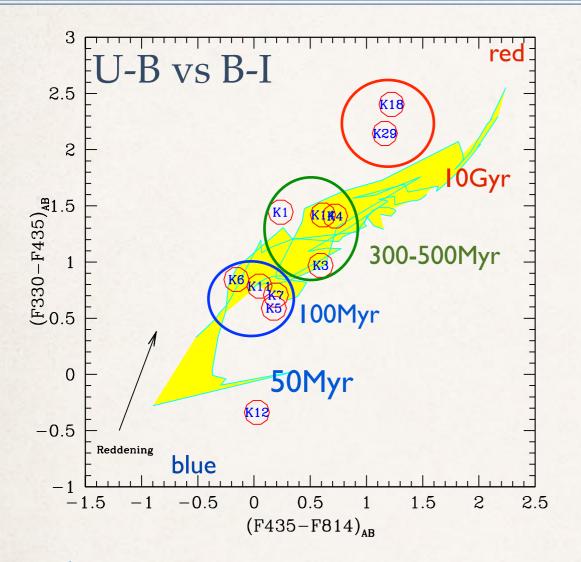




k12: very young ~ 50 Myr
k6 k11 k7 k5: young ~100 Myr
k1 k3 k4 k14: intermediate
k18 k29: old > Gyr

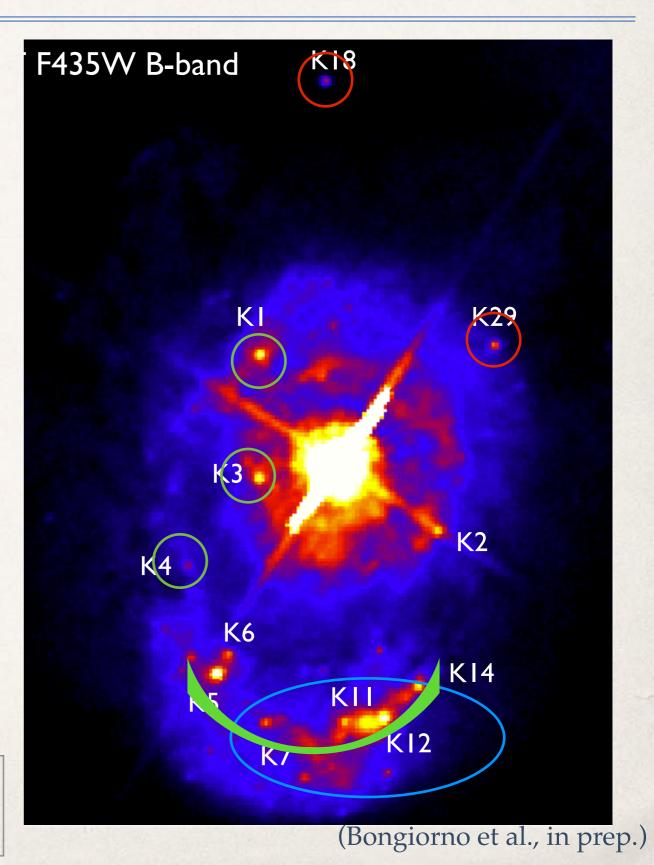
only lower limits ... not accounting for dust!



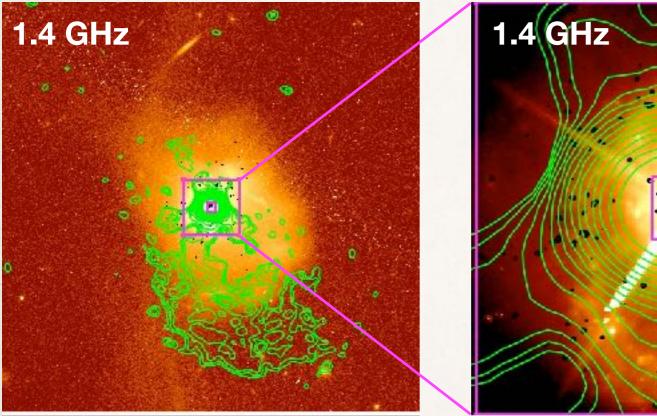


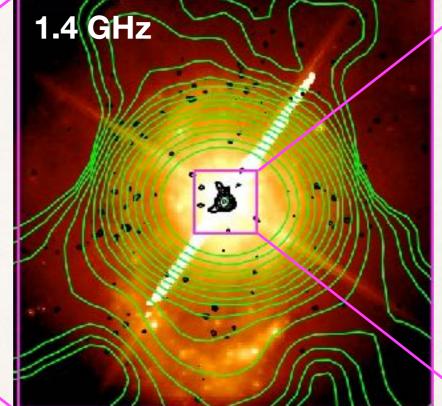
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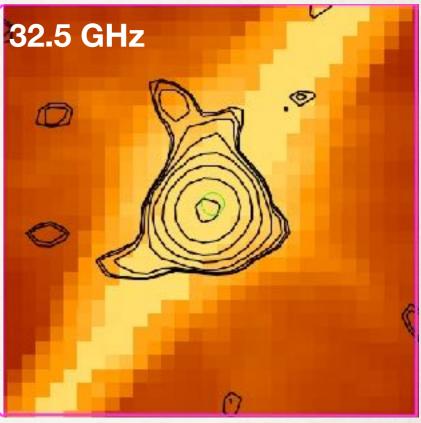
Mrk231 radio emission





- Bulk of the continuum radio emission (88%) is centered in the nucleus (230mJy/265mJy)
- Wide angle jet-like diffuse component extending to the south up to 30 " (25 Kpc)
- Radio emission strongly resembles the arclike shape of S1 (positive feedback)

Hint of RADIO-induced POSITIVE FEEDBACK

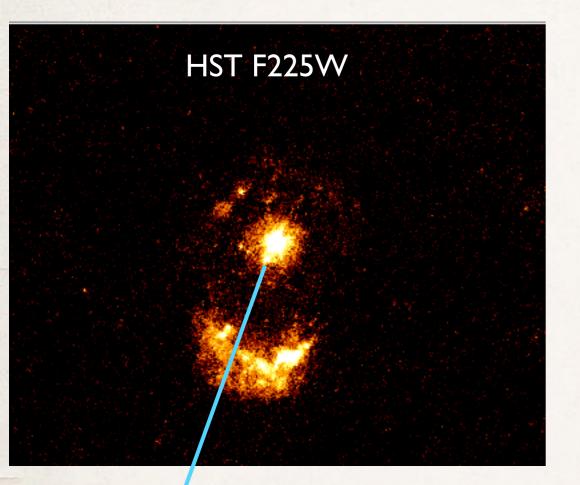


- Most of the high frequency radio emission is located in the center
- Short exposure time

 + very steep spectral
 index of the jet-like
 feature

⁽Bongiorno et al., in prep.)

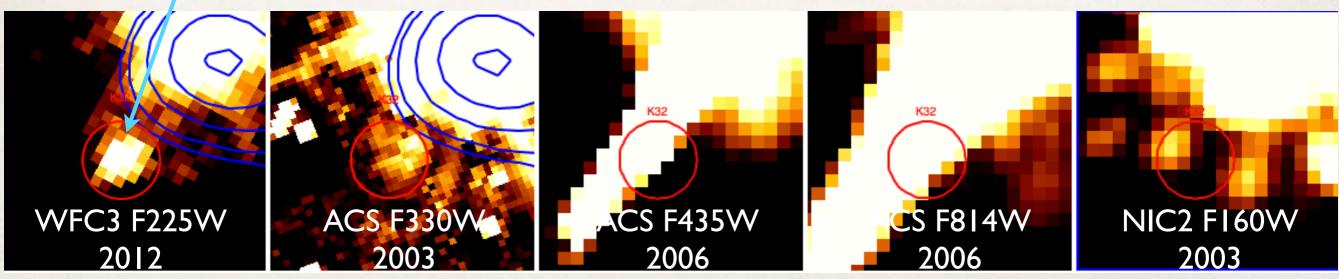
AGN feedback marks on the host



NEW (extended) KNOWT at d = 0.6" ~ CO outflow scale

Visible only in UV (Extremely BLUE) blob of recent SF ?

Hint of WIND induced POSITIVE FEEDBACK





- Winds are fundamental ingredient to explain AGN phenomenon and might have a profound impact on galaxy life
- * <u>Study AGN feedback marks on the inner region of the galaxy</u>
- Mrk231 is the perfect laboratory to study feedback in action: nearest QSO known with ubiquitous presence of outflows in all the gas components!
- * Detailed multi-band high-resolution study of Mrk231:
 - Complex morphology with shells and knots
 - Hint of SF induced by the molecular outflow (wind induced positive feedback) at the edge of the molecular outflow
 - Hint of SF induced by the radio jet (radio induced positive feedback)

THIS IS ALL PRELIMINARY ... a lot more to come...

mid-IR observations with LBT LMIRCAM and NOMIC to be analyzed (PAH)